Thank you for purchasing a Honda Outboard Motor.

This manual covers operation and maintenance of the Honda BF115D/ 135A/150A Outboard Motor. All information in this publication is based on the latest product information available at the time of approval for printing. Honda Motor Co., Ltd. reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation.

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This manual should be considered a permanent part of the Outboard Motor and should remain with it if it is resold.

Throughout this manual, you will see safety messages proceeded by the following words and symbols. Here's what they mean:

### 

Indicates serious injury or death WILL result if instructions are not followed.

### **▲WARNI**NG

Indicates a strong possibility that serious personal injury or death may result if instructions are not followed.

### **A**CAUTION

Indicates a possibility that personal injury or equipment damage could result if instructions are not followed.

### NOTICE

Indicates that equipment or property damage could result if instructions are not followed.

NOTE: Gives helpful information.

If a problem should arise, or if you have any questions about the Outboard Motor, consult an authorized Honda Outboard Motor dealer.

### **▲WARNIN**G

Honda Outboard Motors are designed to give safe and dependable service if operated according to instructions. Read and understand the Owner's Manual before operating the Outboard Motor. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

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### **Control and Feature Identification Codes**

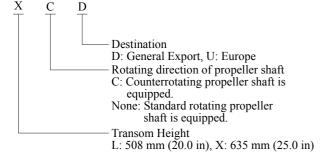
Model		F	3F115I	)		BF1	35A			BF1	50A	
Туре		LD LU	XD XU	XCD	LD LU	XD XU	LCU	XCD XCU	LD LU	XD XU	LCU	XCD XCU
Transom Height	508 mm (20.0 in)	٠			•		٠		٠		•	
	635 mm (25.0 in)		•	•		•		•		٠		•
Standard Rotating I Shaft	Propeller	٠	٠		٠	٠			٠	٠		
Counterrotating Propeller Shaft				•			•	•			•	•

**NOTE:** Note that the types of the outboard motor differ according to the countries where they are sold.

BF115D/135A/150A is provided with the following types according to the shaft length and the rotating direction of the propeller shaft.

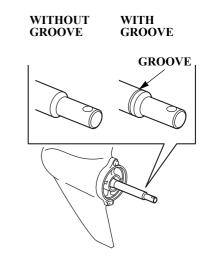
#### TYPE CODE

Example



#### How To Determine Which Direction The Propeller Shaft Rotates

The direction the propeller shaft rotates can be determined based on whether or not the shaft has a groove. With groove: Counterrotating Without groove: Standard rotating

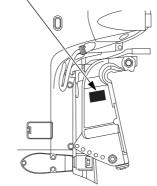


### **Remote Control Types**

The remote control type is classifiedinto the following three categoriesaccording to the control box position.Side-mount type:R1 typePanel-mount type:R2 typeTop-mount type:R3 type

Check the type of your outboard motor and read this Owner's Manual thoroughly before operation. Texts with no type indication are the information and/or procedures common to all types.

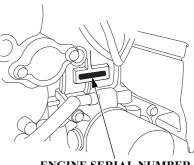
### Serial Number Locations FRAME SERIAL NUMBER



Record the frame and engine serial numbers for your reference. Refer to the serial numbers when ordering parts, and when making technical or warranty inquiries.

The frame serial number is stamped on a plate attached on the right side of the stern bracket.

Frame serial number:



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number is stamped on the upper right side of the engine.

Engine serial number:

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### **1. SAFETY**

### SAFETY INFORMATION

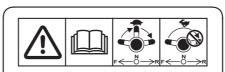
For your safety and the safety of others, pay special attention to these precautions.

### **Operator Responsibility**



• Honda outboard motor is designed to give safe and dependable service if operated according to instructions.

Read and understand the Owner's Manual before operating the outboard motor. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.



Shift to the neutral position and then shift to the reverse position at low engine speed. Do not shift to the reverse position suddenly at high engine speed.

- Gasoline is harmful or fatal if swallowed. Keep the fuel tank out of reach of children.
- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Refuel in a well-ventilated area with the engine stopped.
- Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks where the engine is refueled or where gasoline is stored.
- Do not overfill the fuel tank. After refueling make sure that the fuel tank cap is closed properly and securely.

- Be careful not to spill any fuel while refueling. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled make sure that the area is dry before starting the engine.
- Know how to stop the engine quickly in case of emergency. Understand the use of all controls.
- Do not exceed the boat manufacturer's power recommendation, and be sure that the outboard motor is properly mounted.
- Never permit anyone to operate the outboard motor without proper instruction.
- Stop the engine immediately if anyone falls overboard.
- Do not run the engine while the boat is near anyone in the water.
- Attach the emergency stop switch lanyard securely to the operator.
- Before operating the outboard motor, familiarize yourself with all laws and regulations relating to boating and the use of outboard motors.

- Do not attempt to modify the outboard motor.
- Always wear a life-jacket when on board.
- Do not operate the outboard motor without the engine cover. Exposed moving parts can cause injury.
- Do not remove any guards, labels, shields, covers or safety devices; they are installed for your safety.

### **Burn Hazards**

The engine and exhaust system become very hot during operation and remain hot for a while after stopping. Contact with hot engine components can cause burns and may ignite some materials.

- Avoid touching a hot engine or exhaust system.
- Allow the engine to cool before performing maintenance or transporting.

#### Carbon Monoxide Poisoning Hazard

Exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide, a colorless and odorless gas. Breathing exhaust can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.

• If you run the engine in an area that is confined, or even partially enclosed, the air can become contaminated with a dangerous amount of exhaust gas. To keep exhaust gas from building up, provide adequate ventilation.

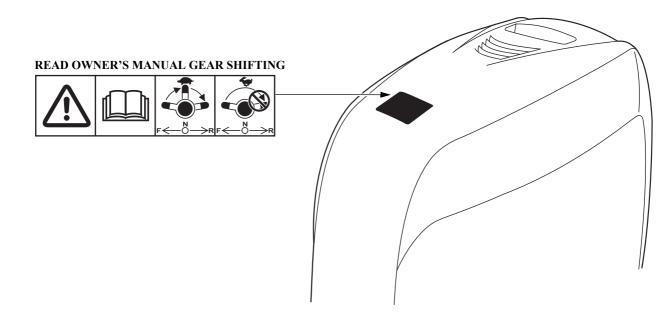
### 2. SAFETY LABEL LOCATIONS

These labels are in the locations shown.

They warn you of potential hazards that can cause serious injury.

Read the labels and safety notes and precautions described in this manual carefully.

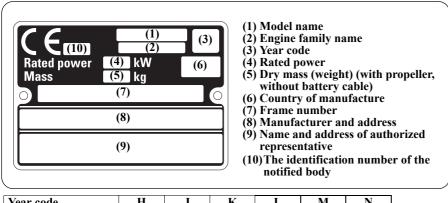
If a label comes off or becomes hard to read, contact your Honda outboard motor dealer for a replacement.



### SAFETY LABEL LOCATIONS

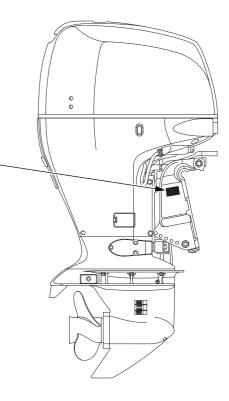
#### **CE mark location [European types]**

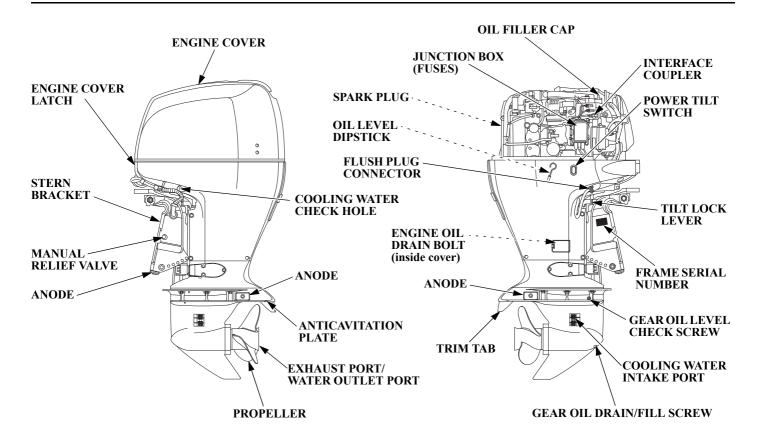
#### **CE MARK**



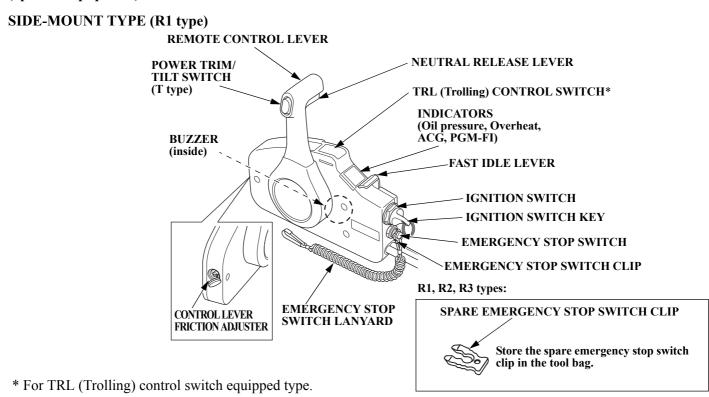
Year code	Н	J	K	L	Μ	Ν
Year of manufacture	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022

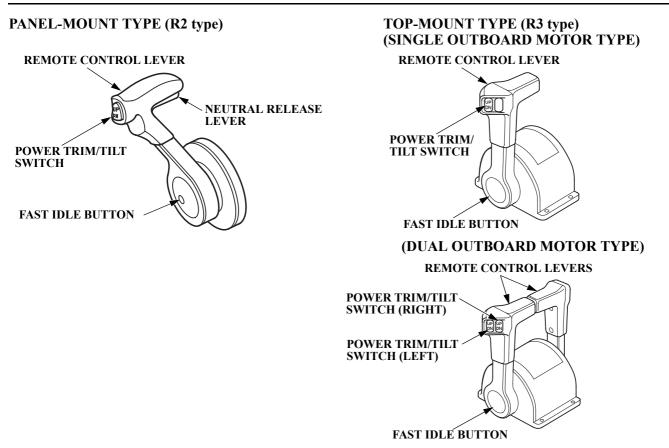
Name and address of manufacturer and authorized representative are written in the "EC Declaration of Conformity" CONTENT OUTLINE in this Owner's Manual.

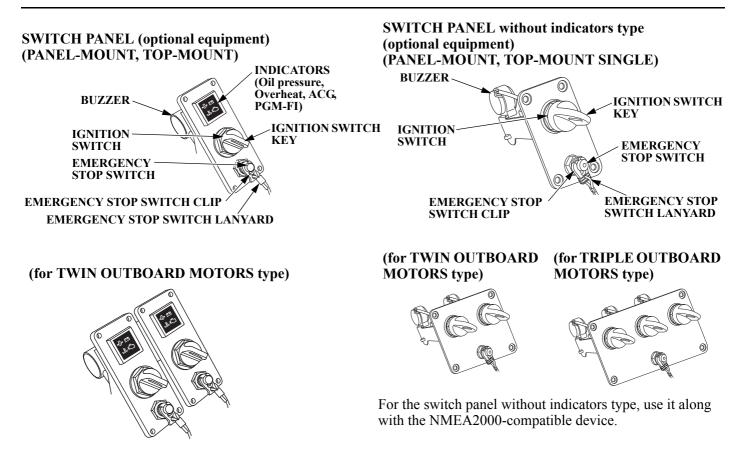




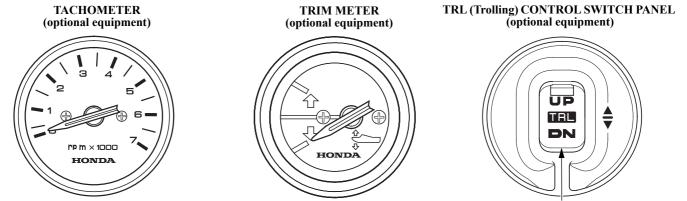
## **REMOTE CONTROL BOX** (optional equipment)







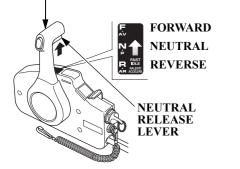
(Common)



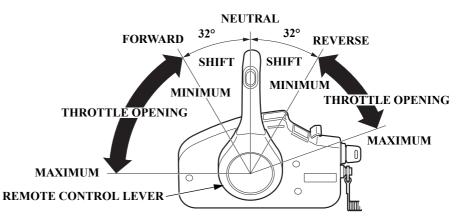
TRL (Trolling) CONTROL SWITCH

#### Remote Control Lever (R1 type)





Shifting gear into forward, reverse, or neutral and the engine speed adjustment can be performed with the remote control lever. It is necessary to pull up the neutral release lever to operate the remote control lever.



#### FORWARD:

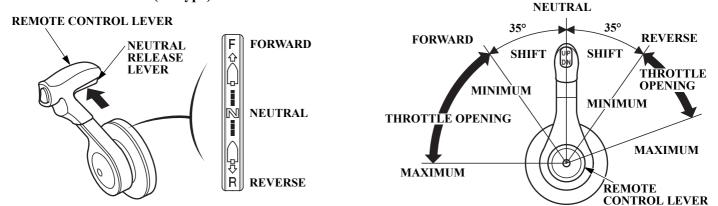
Moving the lever to the FORWARD position (i.e. approximately 32° from the NEUTRAL position) engages the gear into forward. Moving the lever further from the FORWARD position will increase the throttle opening and the boat forward speed.

NEUTRAL: Engine power is cut off from the propeller.

#### **REVERSE**:

Moving the lever to the REVERSE position (i.e. approximately 32° from the NEUTRAL position) engages the gear into reverse. Moving the lever further from the REVERSE position will increase the throttle opening and the boat reverse speed.

#### Remote Control Lever (R2 type)



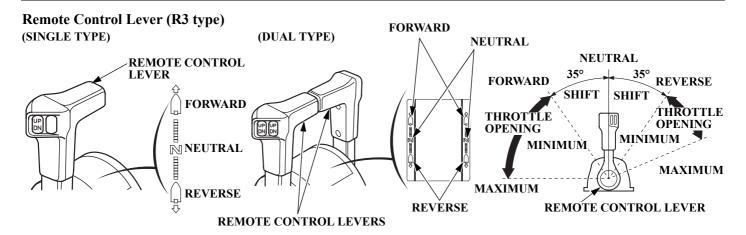
Shifting gear into forward, reverse, or neutral and the engine speed adjustment can be performed with the remote control lever. It is necessary to pull up the neutral release lever to operate the remote control lever. FORWARD:

Moving the lever to the FORWARD position (i.e. approximately 35° from the NEUTRAL position) engages the gear into forward. Moving the lever further from the FORWARD position will increase the throttle opening and the boat forward speed.

NEUTRAL: Engine power is cut off from the propeller.

#### **REVERSE**:

Moving the lever to the REVERSE position (i.e. approximately 35° from the NEUTRAL position) engages the gear into reverse. Moving the lever further from the REVERSE position will increase the throttle opening and the boat reverse speed.



Shifting gear into forward, reverse, or neutral and the engine speed adjustment can be performed with the remote control lever.

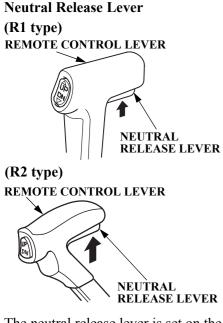
#### FORWARD:

Moving the lever to the FORWARD position (i.e. approximately 35° from the NEUTRAL position) engages the gear into forward. Moving the lever further from the FORWARD position will increase the throttle opening and the boat forward speed.

NEUTRAL: Engine power is cut off from the propeller.

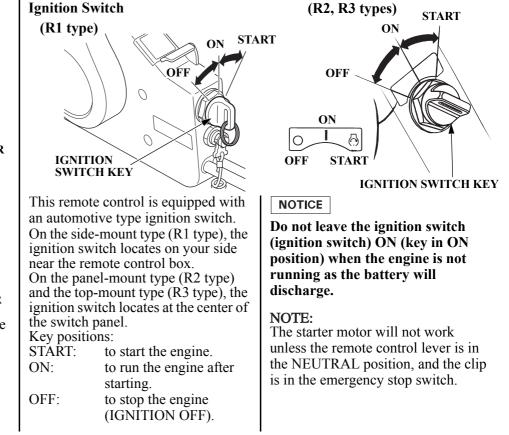
#### **REVERSE**:

Moving the lever to the REVERSE position (i.e. approximately 35° from the NEUTRAL position) engages the gear into reverse. Moving the lever further from the REVERSE position will increase the throttle opening and the boat reverse speed.



The neutral release lever is set on the remote control lever to prevent an accidental operation of the remote control lever.

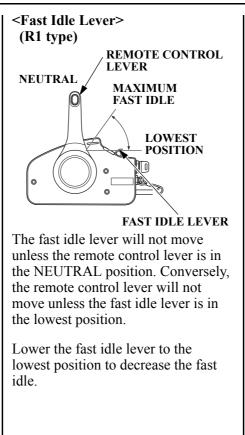
The remote control lever does not operate unless it is moved while pulling the neutral release lever up.

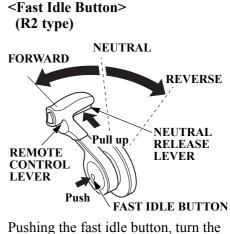


#### Fast Idle Lever (R1 type)/Fast Idle Button (R2, R3 types)

The fast idle lever/fast idle button is only needed for starting carbureted outboard model. The BF115D/135A/ 150A models use programmed fuel injection so, this lever will not be needed for starting.

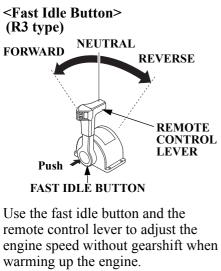
After the engine starts and if the outside temperature is below 5°C (41°F), the fast idle lever/fast idle button can be used to accelerate engine warm up.



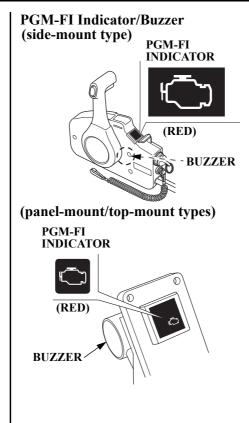


Pushing the fast idle button, turn the remote control lever forward. Keep turning the lever forward. The throttle opens and the engine speed increases after the lever passed the shift point. Note that the gearshift mechanism does not function when the fast idle button is pushed once and then released after the remote control lever is moved.

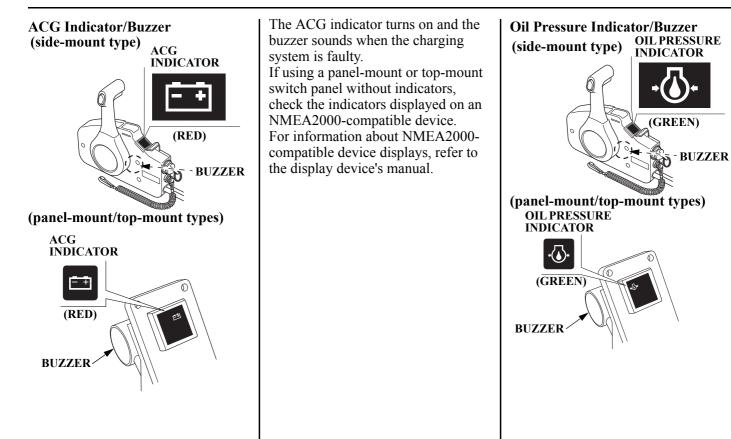
The control lever does not operate unless the neutral release lever is pulled.



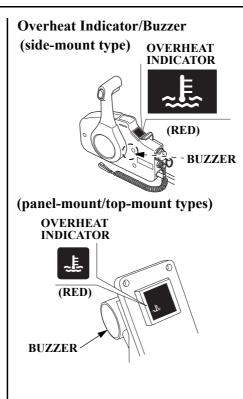
Pushing the fast idle button, turn the remote control lever forward. Keep turning the lever forward. The throttle opens and the engine speed increases after the lever passed the shift point. Note that the gearshift mechanism does not function when the fast idle button is pushed once and then released after the remote control lever is moved.



The PGM-FI indicator turns on and the buzzer sounds when the engine control system is faulty. If using a panel-mount or top-mount switch panel without indicators, check the indicators displayed on an NMEA2000-compatible device. For information about NMEA2000compatible device displays, refer to the display device's manual.



The oil pressure indicator turns off and the buzzer sounds when the oil level is low and/or the engine lubrication system is faulty. The engine speed slows down gradually this time. If using a panel-mount or top-mount switch panel without indicators, check the indicators displayed on an NMEA2000-compatible device. For information about NMEA2000compatible device displays, refer to the display device's manual.



The overheat indicator turns on and the buzzer sounds when the engine cooling circuit is faulty. The engine speed slows down this time. If using a panel-mount or top-mount switch panel without indicators, check the indicators displayed on an NMEA2000-compatible device. For information about NMEA2000compatible device displays, refer to the display device's manual.

#### Water Separator Buzzer

The water separator buzzer sounds when water has accumulated in the water separator.

### **Power Trim/Tilt Switch**

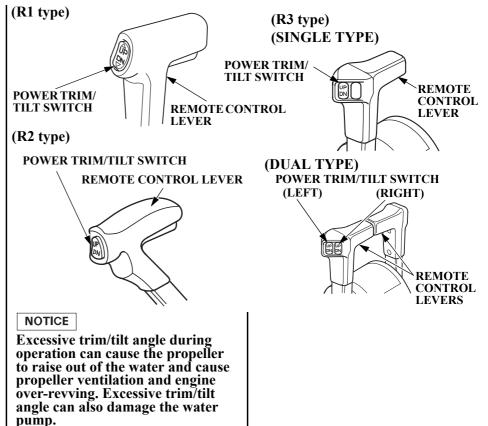
#### **Power Trim**

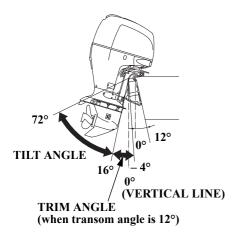
Press the power trim/tilt switch on the remote control lever to adjust the outboard motor trim angle of  $-4^{\circ}$  to  $16^{\circ}$  to maintain proper boat trim. The power trim/tilt switch can be operated while the boat is under way or while stopped.

By using the power trim/tilt switch the operator can change the trim angle of the outboard motor to achieve maximum boat acceleration, speed, stability and maintain optimum fuel consumption.

#### NOTE:

The outboard motor trim angle of  $-4^{\circ}$  to  $16^{\circ}$  is the angle when the outboard motor is installed on the boat at  $12^{\circ}$ .

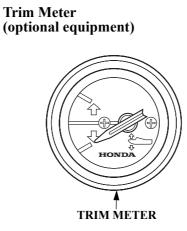




### **Power Tilt**

Press the power trim/tilt switch to adjust the outboard motor tilt angle of  $16^{\circ}$  to  $72^{\circ}$ .

By using the power trim/tilt switch the operator can change the tilt angle of the outboard motor for shallow water operation, beaching, launching from a trailer, or mooring. Please tilt up simultaneously, when you mount the dual type outboard motor.



The trim meter has a range of  $-4^{\circ}$  to  $16^{\circ}$  and indicates the trim angle of the outboard motor. Refer to the trim meter when using the power trim/tilt switch to achieve proper boat performance.

### NOTE:

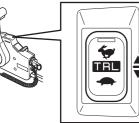
The outboard motor trim angle of  $-4^{\circ}$  to  $16^{\circ}$  is the angle when the outboard motor is installed on the boat at  $12^{\circ}$ .

# Power Tilt Switch (outboard motor pan)

### POWER TILT SWITCH

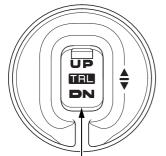
The power tilt switch located on the outboard motor pan is a convenience switch for tilting the outboard motor for trailering, or performing outboard maintenance. This power tilt switch should only be operated with the boat being stopped and engine off.

#### **TRL (Trolling) Control Switch**



TRL (Trolling) CONTROL SWITCH

*Remote Control Box (Side-mount type)* For TRL (Trolling) control switch equipped type.



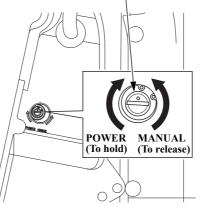
TRL (Trolling) CONTROL SWITCH TRL (Trolling) Control Switch Panel (optional equipment)

The engine speed can be adjusted with the trolling control switch when in trolling mode.

If you press and hold the TRL control switch while cruising with the throttle closed, the mode changes to trolling mode.

### Manual Relief Valve

#### MANUAL RELIEF VALVE



If the power trim/tilt switch will not tilt the outboard motor, the outboard motor can be manually tilted up or down by opening the manual relief valve. To tilt the outboard motor manually, turn the manual relief valve under the left stern bracket no more than 1 or 2 turns counterclockwise using a screwdriver.

After tilting the outboard motor, turn the manual relief valve clockwise securely.

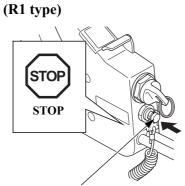
Check that no person is under the outboard motor before carrying out this position because if the manual relief valve is loosened (turned counterclockwise) when the outboard motor is tilted up, the outboard motor will suddenly tilt down.

The manual relief valve must be tightened securely before operating the outboard motor or the outboard motor could tilt up when operating in reverse.

### **Emergency Stop Switch**

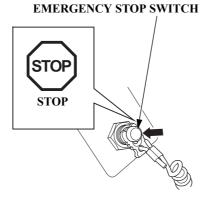
The emergency stop switch lanyard is provided to stop the engine immediately in the event the operator should fall overboard or away from the controls.

When using the switch panel without indicators type, pull the emergency stop switch clip out of the emergency stop switch (see page 80).



EMERGENCÝ STOP SWITCH

(R2, R3 types)



Emergency Stop Switch Lanyard/ Clip EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH LANYARD

#### EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH CLIP

The emergency stop switch clip must be engaged with the engine stop switch or the engine will not start. When the emergency stop switch clip becomes disengaged with the emergency stop switch the engine will stop immediately.

For the sake of the operator's and the passenger's safety, be sure to set the emergency stop switch clip located at one end of the emergency stop switch lanyard with the emergency stop switch. Attach the other end of the emergency stop switch lanyard securely to the operator.

#### **AWARNING**

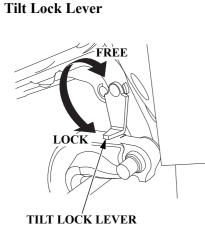
If the emergency stop switch lanyard is not set, the boat might run out of control when the operator, for example, falls overboard and is not able to operate the outboard motor.

### (R1 type) EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH STOF STOP **EMERGENCY STOP** SWITCH LANYARD **EMERGENCY STOP** SWITCH CLIP (R2, R3 types) **EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH** STO STOP **EMERGENCY STOP** SWITCH CLIP EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH LANYARD

# Spare Emergency Stop Switch Clip (optional equipment)

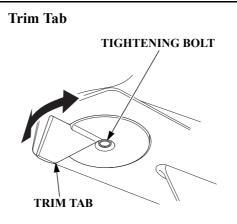
A spare emergency stop switch clip is available from your outboard motor dealer.

A spare emergency stop switch clip can be stored in the tool bag (see page 86).



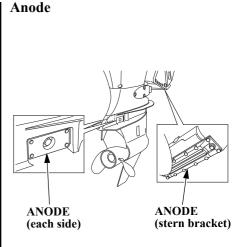
Use the tilt lock lever to raise the outboard motor and lock it in the position when the boat is moored or anchored for a long time.

Tilt the outboard motor as far as it goes and move the lock lever in the locking direction.



If the steering wheel is pulled to the side while running at full speed, adjust the trim tab so that the boat runs straight ahead.

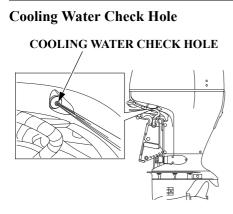
Loosen the tightening bolt and turn the trim tab right or left to adjust (see page 73).



The anode metal is a sacrificed metal which protects the outboard motor from corrosion.

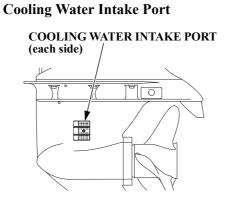
### NOTICE

Do not paint the anode. It deteriorates the function of the anode metal, which can lead to rust and corrosion damage to the outboard motor.



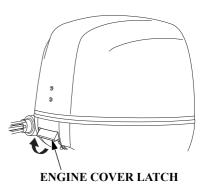
The cooling water is checked here to see whether it is circulating inside the engine properly.

After starting the engine, check at the cooling water check hole whether the cooling water is circulating through the engine.



The engine cooling water is drawn into the engine through this port.

#### **Engine Cover Latch**



Pull the engine cover latch to remove the engine cover.

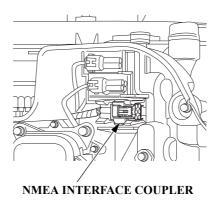
#### Tachometer (optional equipment)



The tachometer shows the engine speed in revolutions per minute.

### **NMEA Interface Coupler**

The NMEA2000 interface coupler can provide information regarding engine speed, fuel consumption, and various warnings to an existing NMEA2000 network via an optional interface cable. Contact your dealer for more information.



#### **Operating Hour Notification** System

This outboard motor engine counts the number of operating hours since the last periodic maintenance. When the next periodic maintenance is due, the engine notifies the NMEA2000 network, and a maintenance indication is displayed on an NMEA2000-compatible device.

After periodic maintenance is performed, reset the hour counter by:

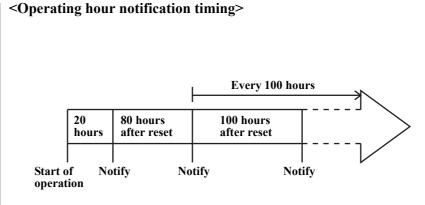
1. Stopping the engine.

- 2. Setting the gearshift at F or R.
- 3. Turning the ignition switch ON. The buzzer will sound once.
- 4. Pressing the emergency stop switch 5 times within 20 seconds. When using the switch panel without

indicators type, within 20 seconds, pull and insert the emergency stop switch clip, or remove the clip and pull the emergency stop switch 5 times.

The buzzer will sound once when the hour counter is reset.

Periodic maintenance is required when either the operating hours or the time since last maintenance reaches the prescribed limit. Therefore, periodic maintenance may be required based on the number of months since the last maintenance before the alert based on engine operating hours displays (see Maintenance Schedule on page 87). Reset the hour counter whenever maintenance is performed, whether based on the time interval or the number of operating hours.



#### <Display>

Steps	1	2	3	4	
Outboard motor	_	Ignition switch ON	Start engine	Gear at F or R	
Display	Switch ON	_	_	_	
Maintenance indication on display	Not shown Maintennce indication	Shown Maintenance indication	Shown Maintenance indication	Not shown Mair connce indication	

NMEA2000-compatible display:

- Follow instructions for the display.
- If the display allows selection of notification to be preset, select "Notify" (or equivalent).
- Turn on the power supply to the display before turning on the ignition switch of the outboard motor.
- The indication may differ, depending on the type of display.

When "Periodic Maintenance" is indicated:

- 1. Have the periodic maintenance performed without delay after returning to port.
- 2. Reset the hour counter. If not reset, the maintenance indication will remain in the display, and the hour count until the next maintenance will be in error.

When the periodic maintenance is conducted before "Periodic Maintenance" is indicated, reset the hour counter.

If not reset, the hour count until the next maintenance will be in error.

### How to reset the Hour Counter

- 1. Be sure to turn OFF the engine before beginning the reset procedure. Pull the emergency stop switch clip out of the emergency stop switch by pulling the emergency stop switch lanyard.
- 2. Put the shift lever in "F" (Forward) or "R" (Reverse).
- 3. Turn the ignition switch ON. Do not start the engine. The buzzer will sound once.
- 4. Press the emergency stop switch 5 times within 20 seconds. When using the switch panel without indicators type, within 20 seconds, pull and insert the emergency stop switch clip, or remove the clip and pull the emergency stop switch 5 times. The buzzer will sound once indicating the hour counter is reset.

### **5. INSTALLATION**

#### NOTICE

Improperly installed outboard motor can result in the outboard motor dropped into the water, boat not able to cruise straight ahead, engine speed not increase, and much fuel consumption.

We recommend that the outboard motor be installed by an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer. Consult the authorized Honda dealer in your area for the Y-OP (User Optional Parts)/equipments installation and operation.

Applicable Boat Select the boat suitable for the engine power.

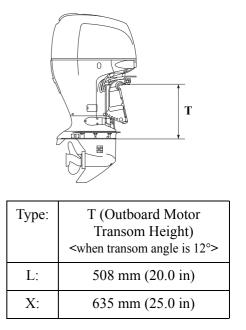
Engine power: BF115D: 84.6 kW (115 PS) BF135A: 99.3 kW (135 PS) BF150A: 110.3 kW (150 PS)

Power recommendation is indicated on most of the boats.

### **AWARNING**

Do not exceed the boat manufacturer's power recommendation. Damage and injury may result.

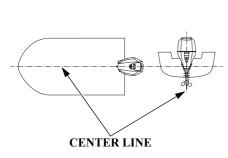
#### **Transom Height**



Select the outboard motor which is correct for the boat transom height of your boat.

### INSTALLATION

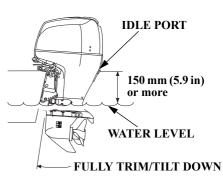
Location



Install the outboard motor at the stern, at the center line of the boat.

**Installation Height** TRANSOM HEIGHT  $0 - 25 \,\mathrm{mm}$ (0 - 1 in)100 mm (4 in) **BOAT TRANSOM** HEIGHT ANTICAVITATION PLATE The anticavitation plate of the outboard motor should be 0-25 mm (0-1 in) below the bottom of the boat. The correct dimensions differ

according to the type of boat and the configuration of the bottom of the boat. Follow the manufacture's recommended installation height.

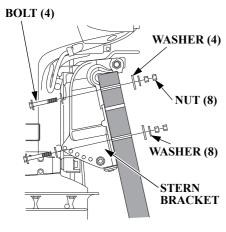


### NOTICE

- The water level must be at least 100 mm (4 in) above the anticavitation plate, otherwise the water pump may not receive sufficient cooling water, and the engine will overheat.
- Adverse effect to the engine can occur if the installation position of the outboard motor is too low. Trim/tilt down the outboard motor with the boat fully loaded and stop the engine. Check that the idle port is 150 mm (5.9 in) or more above the water level.

### INSTALLATION

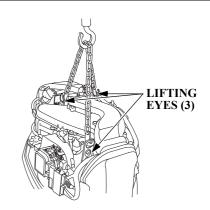
#### **Outboard Motor Installation**



- 1. Apply the silicone sealant (Three Bond 1216 or equivalent) to the outboard motor mounting holes.
- 2. Set the outboard motor on the boat and secure with the bolts, washers, and lock nuts.

#### NOTE: Standard torque:

 $55 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (5.6 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}, 41 \text{ lbf} \cdot \text{ft})$ The standard torque is given just as a guideline. Torque of the nut can be different according to the material of the boat. Consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.



### **A**CAUTION

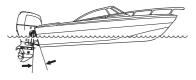
Install the outboard motor securely. Loosely mounted outboard motor can result in accidental loss of the outboard motor and damage and injury to the equipment and personnel.

Before installing the outboard motor on the boat, hang the outboard motor with the hoist or equivalent devise by attaching the three lifting eyes to the outboard motor.

Use the hoist which allowable load is 250 kg (551 lbs) or above.

### **INSTALLATION**

# Outboard Motor Angle Inspection (Cruising)



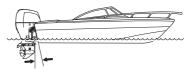
INCORRECT CAUSES BOAT TO "SQUAT"

Install the outboard motor at the best trim angle for stable cruising and maximum power. Trim angle too large: Incorrect causes boat to "squat."



INCORRECT CAUSES BOAT TO "PLOW"

Trim angle too small: Incorrect causes boat to "plow."



CORRECT GIVES MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE

The trim angle differs according to the combination of the boat, outboard motor, and propeller, and the operating conditions.

Adjust the outboard motor so that it is perpendicular to the water surface (i.e. axis of the propeller is parallel with the water surface). **Battery Connections** Use a battery which has CCA (COLD CRANKING AMPERES) 622A at – 18°C (0°F) and a reserve capacity 229 minutes (12V-64Ah/ 5HR or 80Ah/20HR) or more specifications.

The battery is an optional part (i.e. part to be purchased separately from the outboard motor).

# **▲WARNING**

Batteries produce explosive gases: If ignited, an explosion can cause serious injury or blindness. Provide adequate ventilation when charging.

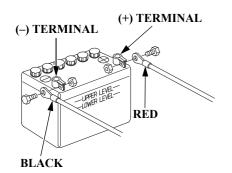
- CHEMICAL HAZARD: Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid. Contact with eyes or skin, even through clothing, may cause severe burns. Wear a faceshield and protective clothing.
- Keep flames and sparks away, and do not smoke in the area. ANTIDOTE: If electrolyte gets into your eyes, flush thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician immediately.

- POISON: Electrolyte is poison. ANTIDOTE:
  - External: Flush thoroughly with water.
- Internal: Drink large quantities of water or milk.
   Follow with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil, and call a physician immediately.
- KÊEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

To protect the battery from mechanical damage and to prevent the battery from falling or tipping over, the battery must be:

- Installed in the correct size corrosion-resistant battery box.
- Properly secured in the boat.
- Secured in a location free from direct sunlight and water spray.
- Secured away from the fuel tank to avoid potential sparks near the fuel tank.

# INSTALLATION



#### **Connect the battery cables:**

- 1. Connect the cable with the red terminal cover to the positive (+) terminal of the battery.
- 2. Connect the cable with the black terminal cover to the negative (–) terminal of the battery.

## NOTE:

When more than one outboard motor is mounted on a boat, connect a battery to each respective outboard motors.

## NOTICE

- Be sure to connect the (+) side battery cable first. When disconnecting the cables, disconnect the (-) side first then the (+) side.
- Unless the cables are properly connected to the terminals, the starter motor may fail to operate normally.
- Be careful to avoid connecting the battery in reverse polarity, as this will damage the battery-charging system in the outboard motor.
- Do not disconnect the battery cables while the engine is running. Disconnecting the cables while the engine is running, will damage the outboard motor's electrical system.
- Do not place the fuel tank near the battery.

• Battery cable extension: Extending the original battery cable will cause the battery voltage to drop due to the increased length of the cable and number of connections. This voltage drop may cause the buzzer to sound momentarily when engaging the starter motor and may prevent the outboard from starting. If the outboard starts and the buzzer sounds momentarily, there may be barely sufficient voltage reaching the engine.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds. Wash your hands after handling.

# INSTALLATION

Remote Control Installation (optional equipment)

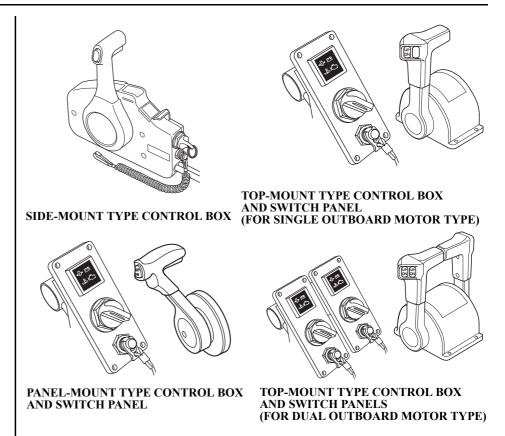
#### NOTICE

Improperly installed steering system, remote control box, and remote control cable, or installing those of the different types could cause unpredictable accident. Consult an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer for proper installation.

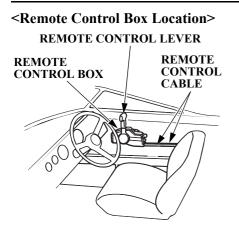
The control box is available in three types as shown.

Select the most suitable control box for your outboard motor considering the installation position, operationability, etc. of the control box.

See an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer for further information.



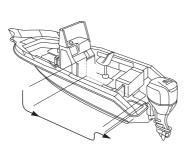
# **INSTALLATION**



Install the remote control box in the position where is easy to operate the remote control lever and switches. Be sure that there are no obstacles on the route of the control cable.

The control box position of the R2 type and the R3 type should be determined in the same manner.

## <Remote Control Cable Length>



Measure the distance from the control box to the outboard motor along the cable routing. Recommended cable length is 300 - 450 mm (11.8 - 17.7 in) longer than the measured distance. Set the cable along the predetermined route and be sure that it is long enough to the route. Connect the cable to the engine and be sure it is not kinked, bent sharp, pulled taut, or interfered while steering.

## NOTICE

Do not bend the remote control cable as sharp as its route diameter is 300 mm (11.8 in) or less, or it affects the service life of the cable and the remote control lever operation.

#### **Propeller Selection**

Select the adequate propeller so that the engine speed at full throttle is BF115D: 4.500 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm) to 6.000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm). BF135A/150A: 5,000  $min^{-1}$  (rpm) to 6,000  $min^{-1}$  (rpm) when the boat is loaded. Engine speed varies according to the propeller size and the boat condition. Use of the outboard motor outside the full throttle speed range will adversely affect the engine and cause serious problem. Use of the correct propeller assures powerful acceleration, top speed, excellency in terms of economy and cruising comfort, and it assures longer engine life as well.

Consult with your authorized Honda outboard motor dealer for proper propeller selection.

## **Fuel Line Connection**

Connect the fuel line to the tank and the outboard motor. Follow the boat manufacturer's instructions.

#### **AWARNING**

Gasoline is extremely flammable, and gasoline vapor can explode, causing serious injury or death.

- Be careful not to spill fuel. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.
- Keep heat, sparks, and flame away.

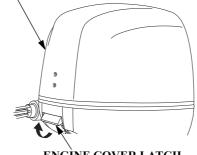
BF115D/135A/150A is 4-stroke. water cooled outboard motor which uses unleaded regular gasoline for fuel. It also requires the engine oil. Check the following before operating the outboard motor

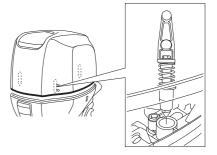
## **A**CAUTION

Perform the following pre-operation checks with the engine stopped.

Before each use, look around and underneath the engine for signs of oil or gasoline leaks.

## **Engine Cover Removal/Installation** ENGINE COVER





## **ENGINE COVER LATCH**

- To remove, pull the engine cover latch and lift the engine cover straight up.
- To install, place the engine cover on the outboard motor, and push down evenly.

When reinstalling the covers, make sure not to jam the wire harnesses in between the covers and engine case.

## **AWARNING**

Do not operate the outboard motor without the engine cover. Exposed moving parts can cause injury.

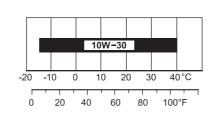
## **Engine Oil**

#### NOTICE

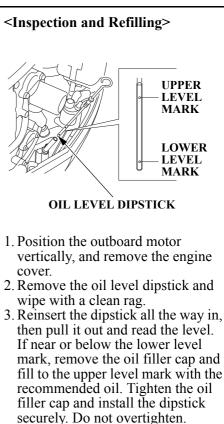
- Engine oil is a major factor affecting engine performance and service life. Nondetergent and low quality oils are not recommended, because they have inadequate lubricating properties.
- Running the engine with insufficient oil can cause serious engine damage.

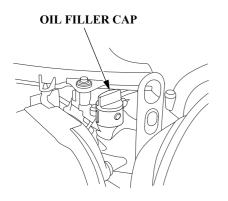
#### <Recommended oil>

Use Honda 4-stroke oil or an equivalent high detergent, premium quality motor oil certified to meet or exceed U.S. automobile manufacturer's requirements for API Service category SG, SH or SJ. Motor oils classified SG, SH or SJ will show this designation on the container. SAE 10W-30 is recommended for general use.



#### AMBIENT TEMPERATURE





When the engine oil is contaminated or discolored, replace with the fresh engine oil (see page 89 for replacement interval and procedure).

4. Install the engine cover and lock it securely.

#### NOTICE

Do not overfill the engine oil. Check the engine oil after refilling. Excessive engine oil as well as the insufficient oil could cause damage to the engine.

When you check the oil level with the dipstick, you might notice the engine oil appears milky or the oil level has increased. If you notice either condition, change the engine oil. See the following table for an explanation of these conditions.

Operating Method	Result	Effect
Running the engine below 3,000 rpm for more than 30% of the time so the engine does not warm up. Frequent starting and stopping without allowing the engine to warm up.	<ul> <li>Water condenses in the engine and mixes with the oil, resulting in a milky appearance.</li> <li>Unburned fuel mixes with the oil, increasing the volume of oil.</li> </ul>	The engine oil deteriorates, becomes less efficient as a lubricant, and causes an engine malfunction.

#### Fuel

Check the fuel level and refill if necessary. Do not fill the fuel tank above the UPPER LIMIT. Refer to the boat manufacturer's instructions.

Use unleaded gasoline with a Research Octane Number of 91 or higher (a Pump Octane Number of 86 or higher). Use of leaded gasoline may cause damage to the engine. Never use gasoline that is stale, contaminated, or mixed with oil. Avoid getting dirt, dust or water in the fuel tank.

#### **AWARNING**

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions.

- Refuel in a well-ventilated area with the engine stopped.
- Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in the area where the engine is refueled or where gasoline is stored.
- Do not overfill the fuel tank (there should be no fuel in the filler neck). After refueling, make sure the fuel filler cap is closed properly and securely.
- Be careful not to spill fuel when refueling. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.
- Avoid repeated or prolonged contact with skin or breathing of vapor.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

## GASOLINE CONTAINING ALCOHOL

If you decide to use a gasoline containing alcohol (gasohol), be sure its octane rating is at least as high as that recommended by Honda. There are two types of "gasohol": one containing ethanol, and the other containing methanol. Do not use gasohol that contains more than 10% ethanol. Do not use gasoline containing more than 5% methanol (methyl or wood alcohol) and that does not also contain co-solvents and corrosion inhibitors for methanol.

# NOTE:

- Fuel system damage or engine performance problems resulting from the use of gasoline that contains more alcohol than recommended is not covered under the warranty.
- Before buying gasoline from an unfamiliar station, first determine if the gasoline contains alcohol, if it does, find out the type and percentage of alcohol used. If you notice any undesirable operating symptoms while using a particular gasoline. Switch to a gasoline that you know contains less than the recommended amount of alcohol.

Propeller and Cotter Pin Inspection

#### **AWARNING**

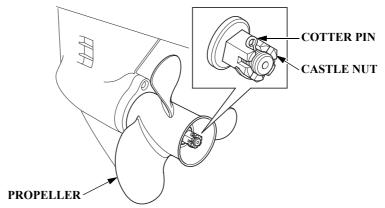
The propeller blades are thin and sharp. Careless handling of the propeller can result in injury. When checking the propeller:

- Remove the emergency stop switch clip to prevent an accidental start of the engine.
- Wear heavy gloves.

Propeller rotates rapidly while cruising. Before starting the engine, check the propeller blades for damage and deformation and replace if necessary.

Obtain a spare propeller for the event of an unpredictable accident while cruising. If no spare propeller is available, return to the pier at low speed and replace (see page 108). Consult an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer for propeller selection.

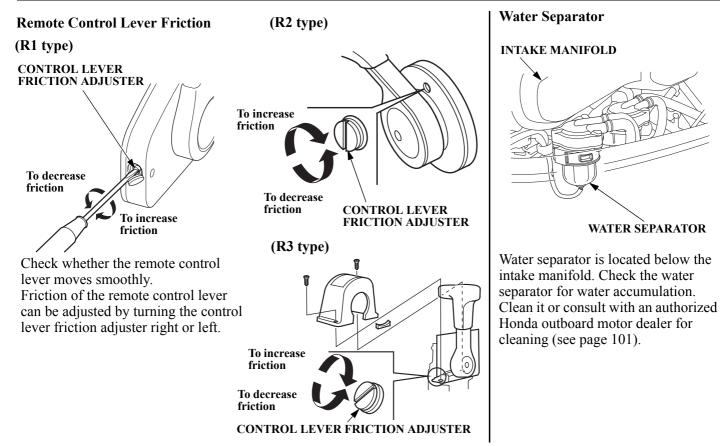
Keep the spare washer, castle nut and cotter pin with you on your boat.



Engine speed varies according to the propeller size and the boat condition. Use of the outboard motor outside the full throttle speed range will adversely affect the engine and cause a serious problem. Use of the correct propeller assures powerful acceleration, top speed, excellency in terms of economy and cruising comfort, and it assures longer engine life as well.

Consult with your authorized Honda outboard motor dealer for proper propeller selection.

- 1. Check the propeller for damage, wear, or deformation. Replace whenever the propeller is faulty (see page 108).
- 2. Check whether the propeller is installed properly.
- 3. Check the cotter pin for damage.



## Battery

#### NOTICE

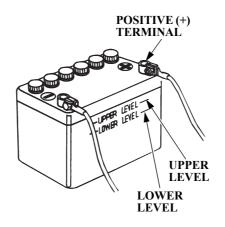
Battery handling differs according to the type of the battery and the instructions described below might not be applicable to the battery of your outboard. Refer to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

#### **Battery Inspection**

Check whether the battery fluid is between the upper and lower levels, and check the vent hole in the battery caps for clogging.

If the battery fluid is near or below the lower level, add the distilled water to the upper level (see page 104).

Check that the battery cables are connected securely. If the battery terminals are contaminated or corroded, remove the battery and clean the terminals (see page 105).



## **▲WARNING**

Batteries produce explosive gases: If ignited, an explosion can cause serious injury or blindness. Provide adequate ventilation when charging.

• CHEMICAL HAZARD: Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid. Contact with eyes or skin, even through clothing, may cause severe burns. Wear a faceshield and protective clothing.

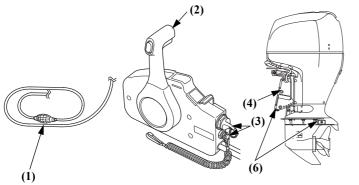
# **PRE-OPERATION CHECKS**

- Keep flames and sparks away, and do not smoke in the area. ANTIDOTE: If electrolyte gets into your eyes, flush thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician immediately.
- POISON: Electrolyte is poison.
  - **ANTIDOTE:**
  - External: Flush thoroughly with water.
  - Internal: Drink large quantities of water or milk.
     Follow with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil, and call a physician immediately.
- KÉEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds.

Wash your hands after handling.

## **Other Checks**



(5) TOOL KIT (page 86)

## Check the following items:

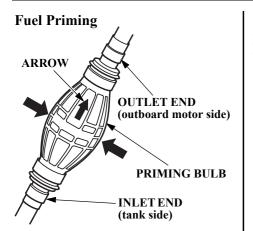
- (1) The fuel hose for kinking, collapsing or a loose connection.
- (2) The remote control lever for smooth operation.
- (3) The switches for correct operation.
- (4) The stern bracket for damage.
- (5) The tool kit for missing spare parts and tools (page 86).
- (6) The anode metal for damage, looseness or excessive corrosion.

The anode (sacrificed metal) helps to protect the outboard motor from corrosion damage; it must be exposed directly to the water whenever the outboard motor is in use. Replace the anodes when they have been reduced to about two-thirds of their original size, or if they are crumbling.

## NOTICE

The possibility of corrosion damage is increased if the anode is painted over or allowed to deteriorate. Parts/materials which should be installed on board:

- Owner's Manual
- Tool kit
- Spare parts: spark plugs, engine oil, spare propeller, castle nut, washer and cotter pin.
- Spare emergency stop switch clip.
- Other parts/materials required by laws/regulations.



Hold the priming bulb so that the outlet end is higher than the inlet (so that the arrow on the priming bulb points up), and squeeze it until it feels firm, indicating that fuel has reached the outboard motor. Check for leaks.

#### **AWARNING**

Be careful not to spill any fuel. Spilled fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.

# NOTICE

Do not touch the priming bulb with the engine running or when tilting up the outboard motor. The vapor separator could overflow.

# Starting the Engine

(R1 type)

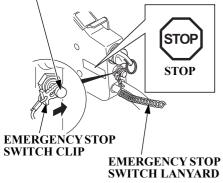
#### **▲WARNI**NG

Exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide which can cause unconsciousness and may lead to death. Never run the outboard motor in a boat house or other confined area.

## NOTICE

To prevent damage to the outboard from overheating, never run the engine with the propeller out of water.

#### EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH



1. Insert the emergency stop switch clip at one end of the emergency stop switch lanyard into the emergency stop switch. Attach the other end of the emergency stop switch lanyard securely to the operator.

## **AWARNING**

If the operator does not attach the emergency stop switch lanyard, and is thrown from the seat or out of the boat, the out-of-control boat can seriously injure the operator, passengers, or bystanders. Always properly attach the lanyard before starting the engine.

## NOTE:

The engine will not start unless the emergency stop switch clip is engaged with the emergency stop switch.

> SPARE EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH CLIP (optional equipment)



A spare emergency stop switch clip (optional equipment) can be stored in the tool bag (see page 86).

# NEUTRAL

## **REMOTE CONTROL LEVER**

- 2. Set the remote control lever in the NEUTRAL position. The engine does not start unless the remote control lever is set in the NEUTRAL position.
- 3. Leave the fast idle lever in the OFF (fully lowered) position.



- IGNITION SWITCH KEY
- 4. Turn the ignition switch key to the START position and hold it there until the engine starts. When the engine starts, release the key, allowing it to return to the ON position.

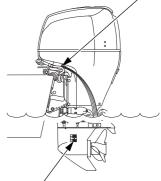
## NOTICE

- The starter motor consumes a large amount of current. Do not therefore run it continuously for more than 5 seconds at a time. If the engine does not start within 5 seconds, wait at least 10 seconds before running the starter motor again.
- Do not turn the ignition switch key to the START position while the engine is running.

#### NOTE:

The "Neutral Starting System" prevents the engine from being started unless the control lever is set in the N (neutral) position even though the engine is cranked by the starting engine.





COOLING WATER INTAKE PORT (each side)

5. After starting, check whether the cooling water is flowing out of the cooling water check hole. Amount of water flowing out of the check hole might vary due to the thermostat operation, but this is normal.

## NOTICE

If water does not flow out, or if steam comes out, stop the engine. Check to see if the screen in the cooling water intake port is obstructed and remove foreign materials if necessary. Check the cooling water check hole for clogging. If water still does not flow out, have your outboard motor checked by an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer. Do not operate the engine until the problem has been corrected.

6. Check to see if the oil pressure indicator turns ON.

If it does not turn on, stop the engine and perform the following inspections.

- 1) Check the oil level (see page 43).
- 2) If the oil level is normal and the oil pressure indicator light does not turn ON, consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.



7. Warm up the engine as follows: Above 5°C (41°F) – run the engine for at least 3 minutes. Below 5°C (41°F) – run the engine for at least 5 minutes at approx.
2,000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm). Failure to completely warm up the engine will result in poor engine performance.

# NOTICE

- If the engine is not properly warmed-up before raising the engine speed, the warning buzzer and overheat indicator may activate and the engine speed will be automatically reduced.
- The cooling system may freeze in areas where the temperature reaches 0°C (32°F) or below. Cruising at high speed without warming the engine up may cause engine damage.

# NOTE:

Before leaving the dock, check the operation of the emergency stop switch.

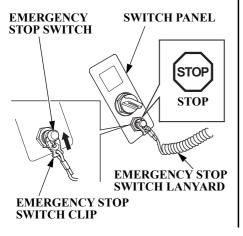
# (R2, R3 types)

## **AWARNING**

Exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide which can cause unconsciousness and may lead to death. Never run the outboard motor in a boat house or other confined area.

## NOTICE

To prevent damage to the outboard from overheating, never run the engine with the propeller out of water.



# NOTE:

When the boat is mounted with the two outboard motors, perform the following on the right and left engines respectively.

1. Insert the clip at one end of the emergency stop switch lanyard into the emergency stop switch. Attach the other end of the emergency stop switch lanyard securely to the operator.

Be sure to install the emergency stop switch clip to the emergency stop switch on the remote control box as well as on the switch panel.

# **▲W**ARNING

If the operator does not attach the emergency stop switch lanyard, and is thrown from the seat or out of the boat, the out-of-control boat can seriously injure the operator, passengers, or bystanders. Always properly attach the lanyard before starting the engine.

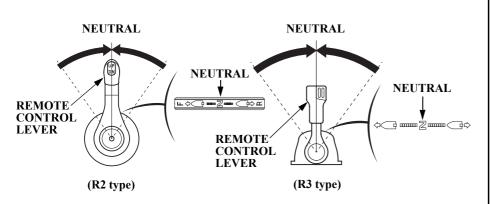
# NOTE:

The engine does not start unless the emergency stop switch clip is set on the emergency stop switch.

#### SPARE EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH CLIP (optional equipment)



A spare emergency stop switch clip (optional equipment) can be stored in the tool bag (see page 86).



2. Set the remote control lever in the NEUTRAL position. The engine does not start unless the remote control lever is set in the NEUTRAL position. IGNITION SWITCH KEY ON ON START 3. Turn the ignition switch key to the START position and hold it there until the engine starts. When the engine starts, release the key, allowing it to return to the ON position.

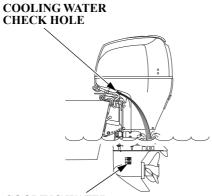
START

#### NOTICE

- The starter motor consumes a large amount of current. Do not therefore run it continuously for more than 5 seconds at a time. If the engine does not start within 5 seconds, wait at least 10 seconds before running the starter motor again.
- Do not turn the ignition switch key to the START position while the engine is running.

# NOTE:

- When the boat is mounted with the two outboard motors, perform the above procedure on the right and left outboard motors respectively.
- The "Neutral Starting System" prevents the engine from being started unless the control lever is set in the N (neutral) position even though the engine is cranked by the starting engine.



COOLING WATER INTAKE PORT (each side)

4. After starting, check whether the cooling water is flowing out of the cooling water check hole. Amount of water flowing out of the check hole might vary due to the thermostat operation, but this is normal.

# NOTICE

If water does not flow out, or if steam comes out, stop the engine. Check to see if the screen in the cooling water intake port is obstructed and remove foreign materials if necessary. Check the cooling water check hole for clogging. If water still does not flow out, have your outboard motor checked by an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer. Do not operate the engine until the problem has been corrected.





NORMAL: ON ABNORMAL: OFF

5. Check to see if the oil pressure indicator turns ON.

If it does not turn on, stop the engine and perform the following inspections.

- 1) Check the oil level (see page 43).
- 2) If the oil level is normal and the oil pressure indicator light does not turn ON, consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.

If using a panel-mount or top-mount switch panel without indicators, check the indicators displayed on an NMEA2000-compatible device.

6. Warm up the engine as follows: Above 5°C (41°F) – run the engine for at least 3 minutes. Below 5°C (41°F) – run the engine for at least 5 minutes at approx.
2,000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm). Failure to completely warm up the engine will result in poor engine performance.

## NOTICE

- If the engine is not properly warmed-up before raising the engine speed, the warning buzzer and overheat indicator may activate and the engine speed will be automatically reduced.
- The cooling system may freeze in areas where the temperature reaches 0°C (32°F) or below. Cruising at high speed without warming the engine up may cause engine damage.

## NOTE:

Before leaving the dock, check the operation of the emergency stop switch.

# **8. OPERATION**

**Break-in Procedure** Break-in period: 10 hours

Break-in operation allows the mating surfaces of the moving parts to wear evenly and thus ensures proper performance and longer outboard motor life.

Break-in your new outboard motor as follows.

First 15 minutes:

Run the outboard motor at trolling speed. Use the minimum amount of throttle opening necessary to operate the boat at a safe trolling speed.

Next 45 minutes:

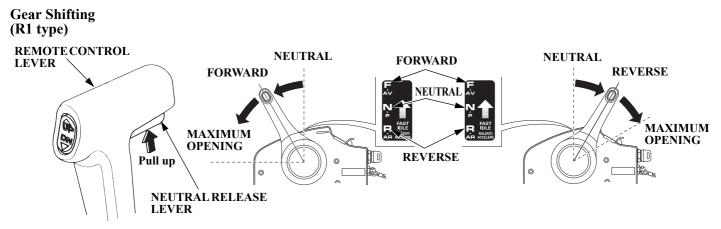
Run the outboard motor up to a maximum of 2,000 to 3,000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm) or 10% to 30% throttle opening.

Next 60 minutes: Run the outboard motor up to maximum of 4,000 to 5,000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm) or 50% to 80% throttle opening. Short bursts of full throttle are acceptable but do not operate the outboard motor continuously at full throttle.

Next 8 hours:

Avoid continuous full throttle operation (100% throttle opening). Do not run the outboard motor at full throttle for more than 5 minutes at a time.

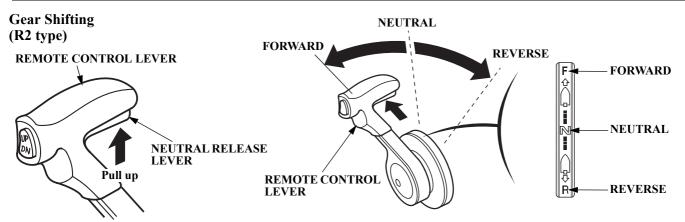
For boats that plane easily, bring the boat up on plane then reduce the throttle opening to the specified break-in settings called out above.



#### **A**CAUTION

Avoid sharp and abrupt operation of the remote control lever. Operate it moderately. Operate the remote control lever and raise the engine speed after making sure that the gear was shifted securely.

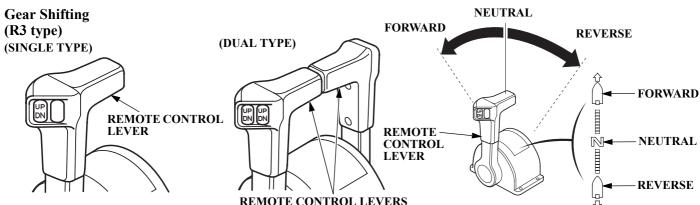
While pulling the neutral release lever, move the remote control lever approximately 32° toward the FORWARD or REVERSE position to engage the desired gear. Moving the remote control lever further from approximately 32° will increase throttle opening and boat speed. The remote control lever will not move unless the neutral release lever is pulled up.



#### **A**CAUTION

Avoid sharp and abrupt operation of the remote control lever. Operate it moderately. Operate the remote control lever and raise the engine speed after making sure that the gear was shifted securely.

While pulling the neutral release lever, move the remote control lever approximately 35° toward the FORWARD or REVERSE position to engage the desired gear. Moving the remote control lever further from approximately 35° will increase throttle opening and boat speed. The remote control lever will not move unless the neutral release lever is pulled up.



#### **A**CAUTION

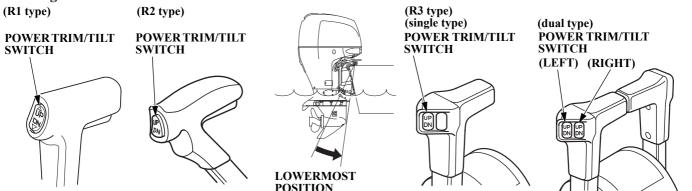
Avoid sharp and abrupt operation of the remote control lever. Operate it moderately. Operate the remote control lever and raise the engine speed after making sure that the gear was shifted securely.

Move the remote control lever(s) approximately 35° toward the FORWARD or REVERSE position to engage the desired gear.

## REMOTE CONTROL LEVERS

When the boat is mounted with the two outboard motors, hold the remote control lever in the center as shown, and operate the right and left levers simultaneously. Moving the remote control lever(s) further from approximately 35° will increase throttle opening and boat speed.

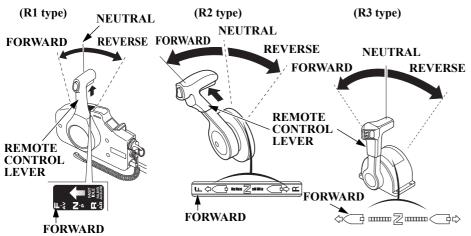
#### Cruising



1. Press on the DN (down) of the power trim/tilt switch on the remote control lever and trim the outboard motor at the lowermost position. R3 type:

When the two outboard motors are mounted:

- 1) Press on the DN (down) of the power trim/tilt switch on the remote control lever and trim the outboard motors at the lowermost position.
- 2) With the outboard motors trimmed at the lowermost position, adjust the trim angle of the right and left outboard motors using the switch on the remote control lever simultaneously.



2. Move the remote control lever from NEUTRAL toward FORWARD position.

R1 type:

Moving about  $32^{\circ}$  engages the gear. Moving the remote control lever further opens the throttle and increases the engine speed.

R2, R3 types: Moving about 35° engages the gear. Moving the remote control lever further opens the throttle and increases the engine speed.

For the sake of fuel economy, open the throttle about 80%.

## NOTE:

- When cruising at full throttle, note that the engine speed must be in the range BF115D: between 4,500 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm) and 6,000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm), BF135A/150A: between 5,000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm) and 6,000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm).
- If you feel that the engine speed jumped up when the hull jumped or at ventilation, cruise the boat by returning the throttle to the slow speed side.
- See "Propeller Selection" (see page 41) for a relation between the propeller and the engine speed.

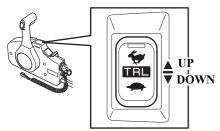
## 

Do not operate without the engine cover. Exposed moving parts could cause injury; water may damage the engine.

## NOTE:

For best performance, passengers and equipment should be distributed evenly to balance the boat.

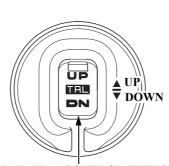
## **TRL (Trolling) Control Switch**



TRL (Trolling) CONTROL SWITCH

# Remote Control Box (Side-mount type)

For TRL (Trolling) control switch equipped type.



TRL (Trolling) CONTROL SWITCH

# TRL (Trolling) Control Switch Panel (optional equipment)

UP: Increase engine speed DN: Reduce engine speed

After the engine has warmed up, keeping the UP or DN button pushed when cruising with the throttle fully closed, changes the mode to trolling mode. A long buzz sounds once.

When the mode is changed to trolling mode, the engine speed is 650 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm).

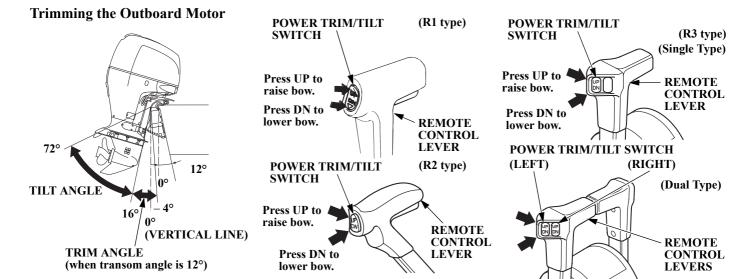
You can adjust the engine speed by 50 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm) every time you press the switch once. You will hear a short buzz.

The engine speed can be adjusted within the range of  $650 - 900 \text{ min}^{-1}$  (rpm).

Continuing to press the switch will not decrease or increase the engine speed beyond the lower (650 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm)) or higher (900 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm)) limit.

If you try to do this, a short buzz sounds twice.

The throttle may be operated while in trolling mode. The trolling mode is cancelled when you reach 3,000 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm).



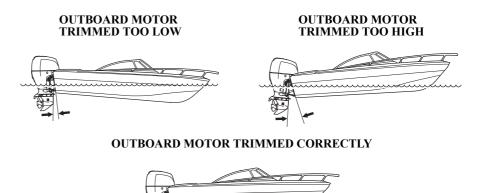
The BF115D/135A/150A is equipped with the power trim/tilt system which can adjust the outboard motor angle (trim/tilt angle) while cruising and mooring. The outboard motor angle can also be adjusted while cruising and accelerating to obtain the maximum speed and optimum driveability and fuel economy. Press either UP or DN (down) of the power trim/tilt switch and tilt the outboard motor to the best position in compliance with the cruising conditions. The power trim/tilt system operates when the switch is pressed, and it stops when the switch is released. To trim up slightly, press on UP momentarily but securely. To trim down slightly, press on DN (down) in the same manner.

#### **▲WARNI**NG

When the boat is mounted with the two outboard motors, adjust with the switch on the control lever side. Adjustment with the switch on the console side will impair the balance between the right and left outboard motors, which adversely affects operationability and stability of the outboard motors.

#### **A**CAUTION

- Improper trim angle results in unstable steering condition.
- Do not trim excessively while cruising through rough waves, or it may cause an accident.
- Excessive trim angle can result in cavitation and racing of the propeller, and trimming up the outboard motor excessively can cause damage to the water pump.



## NOTE:

- Decrease the trim angle on high speed turns to reduce the possibility of propeller ventilation.
- Improper outboard motor trim angle can result in an unstable steering condition.

## When cruising:

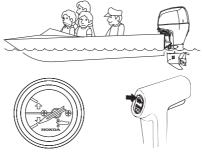
- (A) Into a high wind, trim the outboard motor down slightly to lower the bow and improve boat stability.
- (B) With a tail wind, trim the outboard motor up slightly to raise the bow and improve boat stability.
- (C) Through rough waves, do not trim the outboard motor too low or too high to avoid an unstable steering condition.

## Trim Meter (optional equipment)

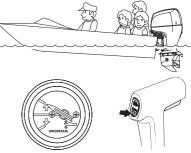
The trim meter indicates the trim angle of the outboard motor. Refer to the trim meter, and press the UP or DN (down) portion of the power trim/tilt switch to adjust the outboard motor trim angle to achieve boat performance and stability.

The illustration represents R1 type. Perform the same procedure for the other types.

#### BOW TOO LOW DUE TO 1. LOAD IN THE FRONT 2. OUTBOARD MOTOR TRIMMED TOO LOW



With the outboard motor trimmed low the trim meter will read as shown. To raise the bow increase the outboard motor trim angle by pressing the UP portion of the power trim/tilt switch. BOW TOO HIGH DUE TO1. LOAD IN THE REAR2. OUTBOARD MOTOR TRIMMED TOO HIGH

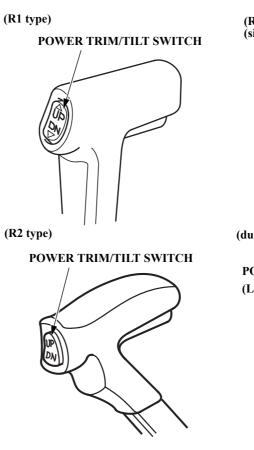


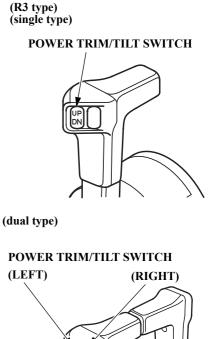
With the outboard motor trimmed high the trim meter will read as shown. To lower the bow decrease the outboard motor trim angle by pressing the DN (down) portion of the power trim/tilt switch.

## **Tilting the Outboard Motor**

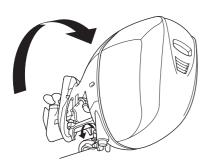
Tilt the outboard motor to prevent the propeller and gear case from hitting the bottom when the boat is beached or stopped in shallow water. Please tilt up simultaneously, when you mount the dual type outboard motor.

- 1. Move the remote control lever to the NEUTRAL position and stop the engine.
- 2. Press the UP of the power trim/tilt switch and tilt the outboard motor to the best position in compliance.





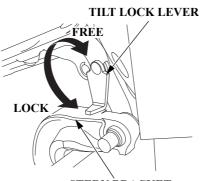
#### Moorage



Tilt up the outboard motor using the tilt lock lever when mooring the boat. Shift the remote control lever into the NEUTRAL position and stop the engine before tilting up the outboard motor.

#### NOTE:

Before tilting up, leave the outboard motor in the running position for one minute after stopping the engine to drain the water from inside the engine.



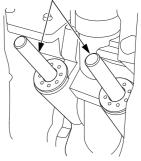
STERN BRACKET

Stop the engine and disconnect the fuel line from the outboard motor before tilting the outboard motor.

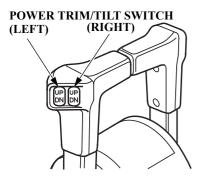
- 1. Raise the outboard motor as full as it goes using the power trim/tilt switch.
- 2. Move the tilt lock lever to the LOCK position and lower the outboard motor until the lock lever contacts the stern bracket.
- 3. Press the DN (down) of the power trim/tilt switch and fully shorten the trim rods.

4. To tilt down, raise the outboard motor as far as it goes using the power trim/tilt switch, move the tilt lock lever to the FREE position, and lower the outboard motor to the designated position.

TRIM ROD



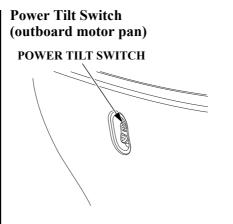
#### (R3 type) (DUAL TYPE)



#### NOTE:

When the boat is mounted with the two outboard motors, tilt up the right and left outboard motors one by one using the switch. Set the tilt lock lever of one outboard motor at the LOCK position, then tilt up another outboard motor.

After tilting down the outboard motors, adjust the trim angle of the right and left outboard motors using the switch.

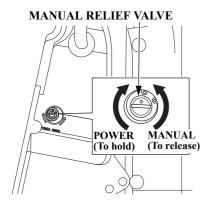


When you are away from the power trim/tilt switch on the control lever side, you can operate the power tilt switch on the outboard motor side. The switch operation is the same as that of the power trim/tilt switch on the remote control lever side.

#### 

Do not operate this power tilt switch on the outboard motor while sailing.

## **Manual Relief Valve**

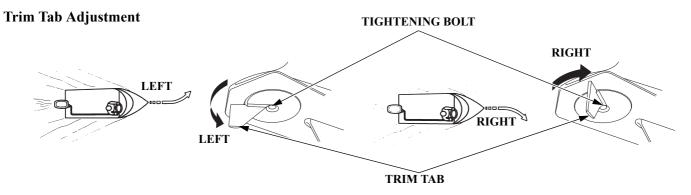


When power trim/tilt system does not operate because of dead battery or faulty power trim/tilt motor, the outboard motor can be manually tilted up or down by operating the manual relief valve. To tilt the outboard motor manually, turn the manual relief valve under the stern bracket 1 or 2 turns counterclockwise using a screwdriver. After tilting up/down manually, close the manual relief valve to lock the outboard motor in the position.

Check that no person is under the outboard motor before carrying out this operation because if the manual relief valve is loosened (turned counterclockwise) when the outboard motor is tilted up, the outboard motor will suddenly tilt down.

## **A**CAUTION

The manual relief valve must be tightened securely before operating the outboard motor or the outboard motor could tilt when operating in reverse.



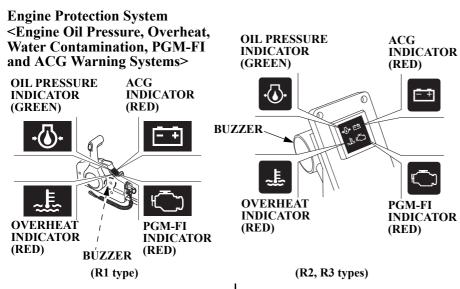
The trim tab is provided to adjust for "torque steer" which is a reaction of the propeller rotation or propeller torque. If during a high speed turn an unequal amount of effort is required to turn the boat right or left, adjust the trim tab so that an equal amount of effort is required.

Distribute the load evenly in the boat and run the boat in a straight course at full throttle. Slightly turn the steering wheel for both right and left turns to determine the amount of effort required. If less effort is required to make left turns:

Loosen the trim tab tightening bolt and turn the rear end of the trim tab toward the left. Tighten the bolt securely.

If less effort is required to make right turns:

Loosen the trim tab tightening bolt and turn the rear end of the trim tab toward the right. Tighten the bolt securely. Make small adjustments at a time and retest. Incorrect trim tab adjustment can cause adverse steering.



If the engine oil pressure drops and/ or the engine overheats, either or both warning systems could be activated. When activated the engine speed will decrease gradually and the oil pressure indicator will turn OFF and the overheat indicator will turn ON. A continuous buzzer will sound on the remote control type. The engine speed can not be increased with a larger throttle opening until the malfunction is corrected.

When the malfunction is corrected the engine speed will increase gradually.

If the engine overheats, the engine will stop in 20 seconds after the engine protection system will limit engine speed.

Each warning system of PGM-FI, ACG, oil pressure, overheat, and water contamination is activated as described in the following table.

If using a panel-mount or top-mount switch panel without indicators, check the indicators displayed on an NMEA2000-compatible device.

System		BUZZER				
Symptom	Oil pressure (Green)	Overheat (Red)			CORRESPONDING SYSTEM	
At starting	ON (2 sec)	ON (2 sec)	ON	ON (2 sec)	With the engine key turned on: ON (2 times)	
During operation	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
Low oil pressure	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON (continuously)	
Overheat	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON (continuously)	
ACG warning	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	alternating ON and OFF (at long intervals)	
PGM-FI warning	ON*	OFF*	OFF	ON	alternating ON and OFF (at long intervals)	
Water contamination	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	alternating ON and OFF (at short intervals)	

### NOTE:

- Some indicator and/or buzzer will be activated at the same time due to the occurrence of a malfunction.
- For information about NMEA2000-compatible device displays, refer to the display device's manual.
- \*: Occasionally may blink due to the occurrence of a malfunction.

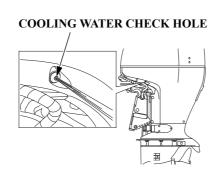
When the oil pressure warning system is activated:

- 1. Stop the engine immediately and check the engine oil level (see page 43).
- 2. If the oil is up to the recommended level, restart the engine. If the oil pressure warning system stops after 30 seconds, the system is normal.

### NOTE:

If the throttle was closed suddenly after cruising at full throttle, the engine speed may drop below the specified idle speed. This could cause the oil pressure warning system to activate momentarily.

3. If the oil pressure warning system stays activated after 30 seconds, return to the closest boat landing and contact your closest authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.

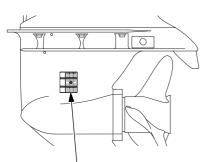


When the overheat warning system is activated:

- 1. Return the remote control lever to the N (neutral) position immediately. Check to see if water is flowing out of the cooling water check hole.
- 2. If water is flowing out of the cooling water check hole, continue idling for 30 seconds. If the overheat warning system stops after 30 seconds the system is normal.

### NOTE:

If the engine is turned off after running at full throttle, the engine temperature may rise above normal. If the engine is restarted, shortly after being turned off, the overheat warning system could be activated momentarily.



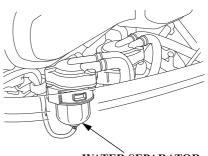
COOLING WATER INTAKE PORT (each side)

3. If the overheat warning system stays activated, stop the engine. Tilt up the outboard motor and check the water intakes for obstructions. If there are no obstructions at the water intakes, return to the closest boat landing and contact your closest authorized Honda outboard motor dealer. When the PGM-FI activated:

1. Consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.

When the ACG warning system is activated.

1. Check the battery (see page 49). If the battery is OK, consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.



WATER SEPARATOR

When the water separator buzzer sounds:

1. Check the water separator for water contamination. If water is accumulated, clean them (see page 101).

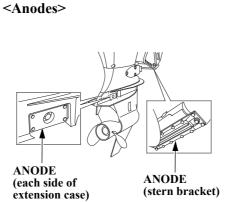
#### <Over-rev Limiter>

This outboard motor is equipped with an engine over-rev limiter which activates when the engine speed increases excessively. The over-rev limiter can be activated while cruising, tilting up the outboard motor, or when ventilation occurs during a sharp turn.

When the over-rev limiter is activated:

- 1. Reduce the throttle opening immediately and check the trim angle.
- 2. If the trim angle is correct but the over-rev limiter stays activated, stop the engine, check the condition of the outboard motor, check to see if the correct propeller is installed and check it for damage.

Correct or service as necessary, by contacting your authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.



The anodes are a sacrificial material which helps to protect the outboard motor from corrosion.

### NOTICE

Painting or coating the anodes will lead to rust and corrosion damage to the outboard motor.

There are also 2 small sacrificial anodes in the water passages of the engine block.

### **Shallow Water Operation**

### NOTICE

Excessive trim/tilt angle during operation can cause the propeller to raise out of the water and cause propeller ventilation and engine over-revving. Excessive trim/tilt angle can also damage the water pump and overheat the engine.

When operating in shallow water, tilt the outboard motor up to prevent the propeller and gear case from hitting the bottom (see page 69). With the outboard motor tilted up, operate the outboard motor at low speed.

Monitor the cooling water check hole for water discharge. Be sure that the outboard motor is not tilted so high that the water intakes are out of the water.

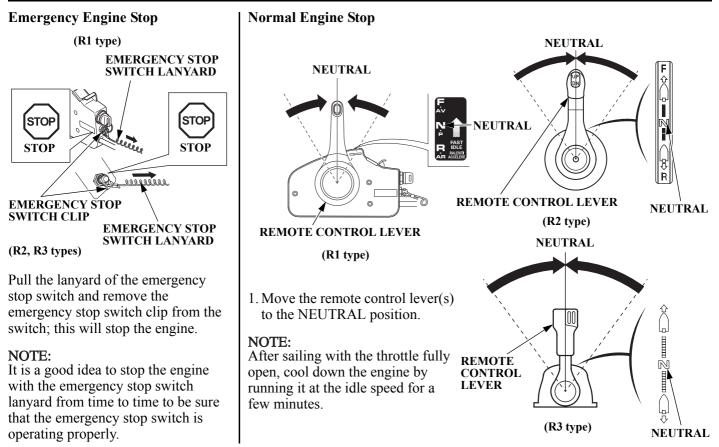
#### **Multiple Outboard Motors**

On boats equipped with more than one outboard motor, all motors normally operate at the same time.

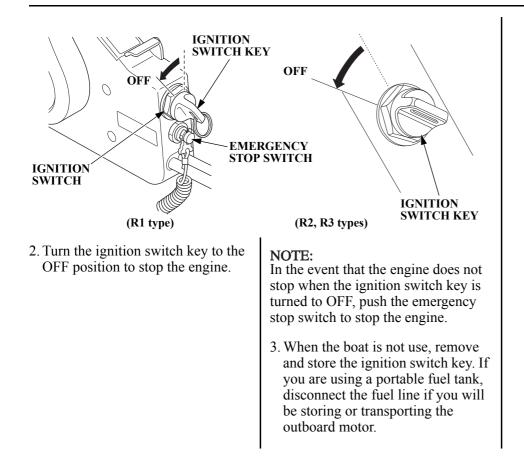
If one or more motor(s) is stopped while the other(s) is running, put the stopped motor in "N" (neutral) and tilt it up so its propeller is above the water's surface.

If the propeller of the stopped motor is left in the water, it may turn as the boat moves through the water, causing a reverse flow of water from the exhaust side. This reverse flow will happen if the stopped engine's propeller is in the water, its gearshift is in "R" (reverse), and the boat is moving forward. Reverse flow can cause an engine malfunction.

# 9. STOPPING THE ENGINE



# **STOPPING THE ENGINE**



# **10. TRANSPORTING**

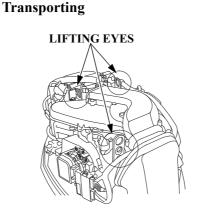
### **Fuel Line Disconnection**

Before transporting the outboard motor, disconnect and remove the fuel line.

#### **▲W**ARNING

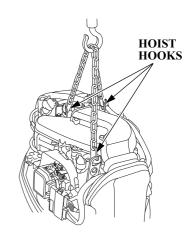
Gasoline is extremely flammable, and gasoline vapor can explode, causing serious injury or death.

- Be careful not to spill fuel. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before the outboard motor.
- Keep heat, sparks, and flame away.



When transporting the outboard motor on a vehicle, perform the following.

1. Remove the engine cover.



2. Set the hoist hooks against the lifting eyes and hang the outboard motor to remove it from the boat.

# TRANSPORTING



- 3. Secure the outboard motor on an outboard motor stand with the mounting bolts and nuts.
- 4. Remove the hoist hook and reinstall the engine cover.

### Trailering

When trailering or transporting the boat with the outboard motor attached, it is recommended that the outboard motor remain in normal running position.

### NOTICE

Do not trailer or transport the boat with the outboard motor in the tilted position. The boat or outboard motor could be severely damaged if the outboard motor drops.

The outboard motor should be trailered in the normal running position. If there is insufficient road clearance in this position, then trailer the outboard motor in the tilted position using an outboard motor support device such as a transom saver bar, or remove the outboard motor from the boat.

# **11. CLEANING AND FLUSHING**

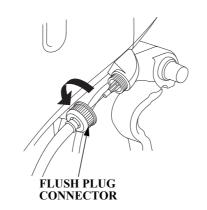
After each use in salt water or dirty water, thoroughly clean and flush the outboard motor with fresh water.

### NOTICE

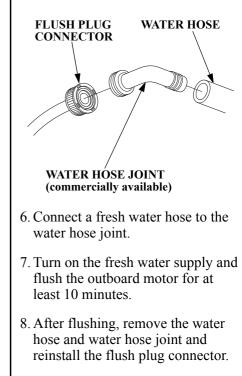
Do not apply water or corrosion inhibitor directly to the electrical components under the engine cover, such as the AC generator, LAF sensor, or the AC generator belt. If water or corrosion inhibitor penetrates these components, they may be damaged. Before applying a corrosion inhibitor, cover the AC generator, belt and LAF sensor with a protective material to prevent damage.

Shut off the engine before performing the cleaning and flushing.

- 1. Disconnect the fuel line from the outboard motor.
- 2. Tilt down the outboard motor.



- 3. Clean and wash the outside of the outboard motor with fresh water.
- 4. Remove the flush plug connector from the outboard motor.
- 5. Install the water hose joint (commercially available).



9. Tilt up the outboard motor and move the tilt lock lever to the LOCK position.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment are important to keep the outboard motor in the best operating condition. Service and inspect according to the MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE.

#### **AWARNING**

- Shut off the engine before performing any maintenance. If the engine must be run, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed or confined area. Exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas; exposure can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.
- Be sure to reinstall the engine cover, if it was removed, before starting the engine.

#### NOTICE

- If the engine must be run, make sure there is water at least 100 mm (4 in) above the anticavitation plate, otherwise the water pump may not receive sufficient cooling water, and the engine will overheat.
- Use only Honda Genuine parts or their equivalents for maintenance or repair. The use of replacement parts which are not of equivalent quality may damage the outboard motor.

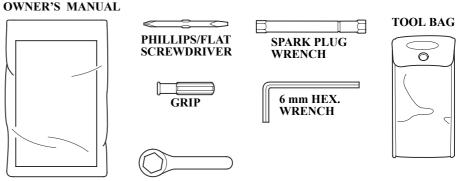
#### Tool Kit and Owner's Manual (Tool kit does not come with Counter Rotation Types)

The following tools and owner's manual are supplied with the outboard motor for maintenance, adjustment, and emergency repairs.

#### <Spare Emergency Stop Switch Clip (optional equipment)>

A spare emergency stop switch clip is available from your outboard motor dealer.

Always carry a spare emergency stop switch clip onboard. The spare clip may either be stored in the tool bag or in an easily accessible location on the boat.



**19 mm EYE WRENCH** 

#### **MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

ITEM	REGULAR SERVICE PERIOD (3) Perform at every indicated month or operating hour interval, whichever comes first.	Each use	After use	First month or 20 hrs.	Every 6 months or 100 hrs.	Every year or 200 hrs.	Every 2 years or 400 hrs.	Refer to page
Engine oil	Check level	0						43
	Change			0	0			89
Gear case oil	Change			o (2)	o (2)			_
Engine oil filter	Replace					o (2)		_
ACG belt	Check-adjust					o (2)		—
Throttle linkage	Check-adjust			o (2)	o (2)			_
Idling speed	Check-adjust			o (2)	o (2)			_
Valve clearance	Check-adjust					o (2)		_
Spark plug	Check-adjust/Replace				0			91 – 95
Propeller and cotter pin	Check	0						47
Anode metal (Outside engine)	Check	0						50
Anode metal (Inside engine)	Check						o (2) (6)	_
Lubrication	Grease			o (1)	o (1)			96, 97
Water separator	Check	0						48
Fuel filter	Check				0			98
(Low pressure side)	Replace						0	99
Fuel filter (High pressure side)	Replace						o (2)	

#### NOTE:

- (1) Lubricate more frequently when used in salt water.
   (2) These items should be serviced by your servicing dealer, unless you have the proper tools and are mechanically proficient. Refer to the Honda (2) These items should be serviced by your servicing dealer, unless you have the proper tools and the incommencing pro-Shop Manual for service procedures.
  (3) For professional commercial use, log hours of operation to determine proper maintenance intervals.
  (6) Replace the anodes when they have been reduced to about two-thirds of their original size, or if they are crumbling.

ITEM	REGULAR SERVICE PERIOD (3) Perform at every indicated month or operating hour interval, whichever comes first.	Each use	After use	First month or 20 hrs.	Every 6 months or 100 hrs.	Every year or 200 hrs.	Every 2 years or 400 hrs.	Refer to page
Thermostat	Check					o (2)		_
Fuel line	Check	o (8)						50
	Replace	Every 2 years (if necessary) (2) (9)						_
Battery and cable connection	Check level-tightness	0						49, 104
Bolts and nuts	Check-tightness			o (2)	o (2)			—
Crankcase breather tube	Check					o (2)		—
Cooling water passages	Clean		o (4)					84
Water pump	Check					o (2)		_
Emergency stop switch	Check	0						80
Engine oil leak	Check	0						—
Each operation part	Check	0						
Engine condition (5)	Check	0						
Power Trim/Tilt	Check				o (2)			
Spark plug	Check					0		95
(Optional part)	Clean					o (2)		—
	Replace						0	95
Shift cable	Check-adjust				o (2) (7)			—

#### NOTE:

- (2) These items should be serviced by your servicing dealer, unless you have the proper tools and are mechanically proficient. Refer to the Honda Shop Manual for service procedures.
- (3) For professional commercial use, log hours of operation to determine proper maintenance intervals.
- (4) When operating in salt water, turbid or muddy water, the engine should be flushed with clean water after each use.
- (5) Upon starting, check for unusual engine sounds and cooling water flowing freely from the check hole.
- (7) The user who performs shift operation frequently will recommend you exchange of a shift cable around three years.
- (8) Check the fuel line for leaks, cracks, or damage. If it is leaking, cracked, or damaged, take it to your servicing dealer for replacement before using your outboard.
- (9) Replace the fuel line if there are signs of leaks, cracks, or damage.

### **Engine Oil**

Insufficient or contaminated engine oil adversely affects the service life of the sliding and moving parts.

#### Oil capacity:

6.5 L (6.9 US qt, 5.7 Imp qt) ...when oil filter is not replaced 6.7 L (7.1 US qt, 5.9 Imp qt) ...when oil filter is replaced

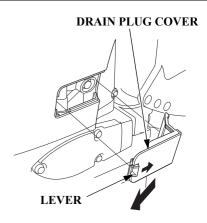
#### **Recommended Oil:**

SAE 10W-30 engine oil or equivalent, API Service category SG, SH or SJ.

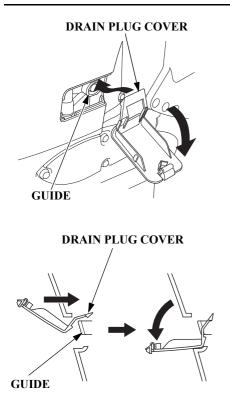


Drain the oil while the engine is still warm to assure rapid and complete draining.

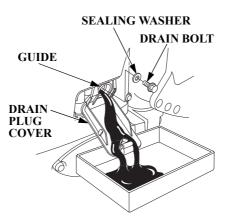
1. Position the outboard motor vertically, and remove the engine cover. Remove the oil filler cap.



2. Push the drain plug cover lever and remove the cover while pulling the cover backward at an angle.



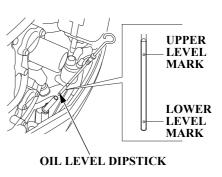
3. Set the drain plug cover under the guide.



- 4. Place a suitable container under the guide.
- 5. Remove the engine oil drain bolt and sealing washer using the 12 mm wrench and drain the engine oil.

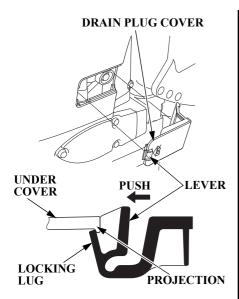
Install a new sealing washer and drain bolt, and tighten bolt securely.

**TIGHTENING TORQUE:** 23 N·m (2.3 kgf·m , 17 lbf·ft)

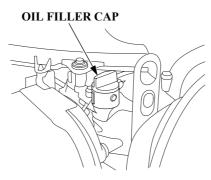


6. Refill to the upper level mark on the oil level dipstick with the recommended oil.

7. Install the dipstick securely.



8. Install the oil drain plug cover. Push the lever of the oil drain plug cover in the direction pointed by the arrow mark of "LOCK", and install the oil drain plug cover so that the locking lug securely sets on the projection of the under cover.



- 9. Reinstall the oil filler cap securely. Do not overtighten.
- 10. Install and lock the engine cover securely.

#### NOTE:

Please dispose of used outboard motor oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take it in a sealed container to your local service station for reclamation. Do not throw it in the trash or pour it on the ground.

Wash your hands with soap and water after handling used oil.

### **Spark Plugs**

To ensure proper engine operation, the spark plug must be properly gapped and free of deposits.

### **A**CAUTION

The spark plug becomes very hot during operation and will remain hot for a while after stopping the engine. Allow the engine to cool before servicing the spark plug.

See page 95 for instructions of handling the Iridium spark plugs (optional parts).

### <Standard Spark Plug>

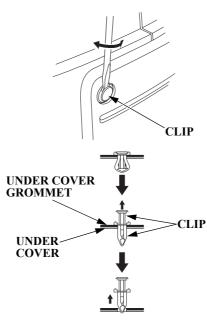
**Recommended spark plug:** ZFR6K-11 (NGK) KJ20DR-M11 (DENSO)

### NOTICE

Use only the recommended spark plugs or equivalent. Spark plugs which have an improper heat range may cause engine damage.

### <Inspection and Replacement>

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal.
- 2. Unlock and remove the engine cover (see page 42).

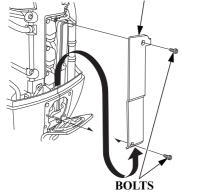




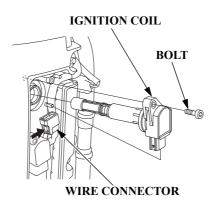
Do not try to remove the clip with force without raising the inner part of the clip. Otherwise, it can damage the clip and/or under cover.

4. Fold down the upper part of the under cover grommet without removing it from the idle port.

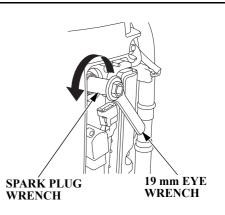
**SPARK PLUG COVER** 



- 5. Remove the two bolts with the 6 mm hex wrench, and remove the spark plug cover.
- 6. Use a hex. wrench to remove the bolt holding the ignition coil. Move the ignition coil to a position that allows to remove the wire connector easily.



- 7. Disconnect the wire connector from the ignition coil by pushing on the lock tab and pulling on the connector. Pull on the plastic connector, not the wires.
- 8. Remove the ignition coil by pulling it up slightly. Take care not to give an impact or drop the ignition coil. Replace the ignition coil if dropped it.



9. Use the spark plug wrench and 19 mm eye wrench to remove the spark plugs.

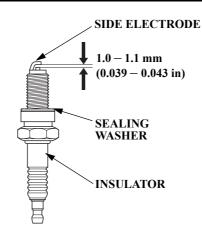


Plug needing replacement



10. Inspect the spark plugs.

- (1) If the electrodes are heavily corroded or carbon-soiled, clean with a wire brush.
- (2) Replace a spark plug if the central electrode is worn. The spark plug can wear out in different ways. If the sealing washer shows signs of wear, or if the insulators are cracked or chipped, replace the spark plugs.



- 11. Measure the plug gaps with a wire-type feeler gauge. The gaps should be 1.0 - 1.1 mm (0.039 - 0.043 in). Correct as necessary by carefully bending the side electrode.
- 12. Thread the plugs in by hand to prevent cross threading.
- 13. After the spark plugs are seated, tighten with a spark plug wrench to compress the washers.

### **SPARK PLUG TORQUE:**

18 N·m (1.8 kgf·m , 13 lbf·ft)

### NOTE:

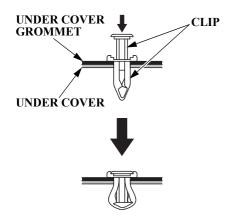
If installing new spark plugs, tighten 1/2 turn after the spark plugs seat to compress the washers. If reinstalling used spark plugs, tighten 1/8 - 1/4 turn after the spark plugs seat to compress the washers.

### NOTICE

The spark plugs must be securely tightened. An improperly tightened plug can become very hot and may cause engine damage.

- 14. Push the wire connector onto the ignition coil. Make sure it locks in place.
- 15. Install the ignition coil. Reinstall the bolt.
- 16. Repeat this procedure for the other three spark plugs.

17. Reinstall the covers. When reinstalling the covers, make sure not to jam the wire harnesses in between the covers and engine case.



Clip installation:

- Press the under cover grommet and under cover and be sure that they adhere closely to each other.
- Insert the clips with the inner part raised off, then push in the inner part securely until they click.

<Optional Parts: Iridium Spark Plug>

**Recommended spark plug:** IZFR6K11 (NGK) SKJ20DR-M11 (DENSO)

### NOTICE

Use only the recommended spark plugs or equivalent. Spark plugs which have an improper heat range may cause engine damage.

Installation and removal procedure of the Iridium spark plugs are the same as the standard spark plugs. These spark plugs have an iridium coated center electrode. Be sure to observe the following when servicing iridium spark plugs.

- Do not clean the spark plugs. If an electrode is contaminated with accumulated objects or dirt, replace the spark plug with a new one. The cleaning of the iridium spark plugs consult with your serving dealer, unless the owner has the proper tools and is mechanically proficient.
- Use only a "wire-type feeler gauge" to check the spark plug gap if necessary. To prevent damaging the iridium coating of the center electrode, never use a "leaf-type feeler gauge."

The gaps should be 1.0 - 1.3 mm (0.039 - 0.051 in).

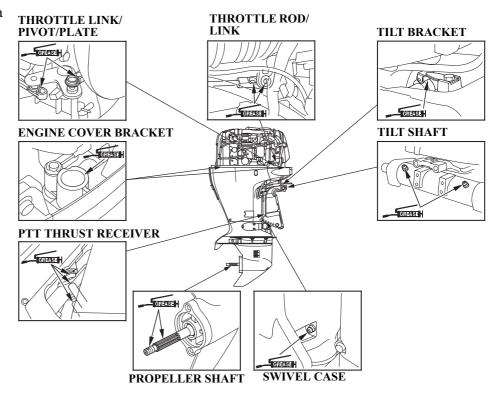
• Do not adjust the spark plug gap. If the gap is out of specification, replace the spark plug with a new one.

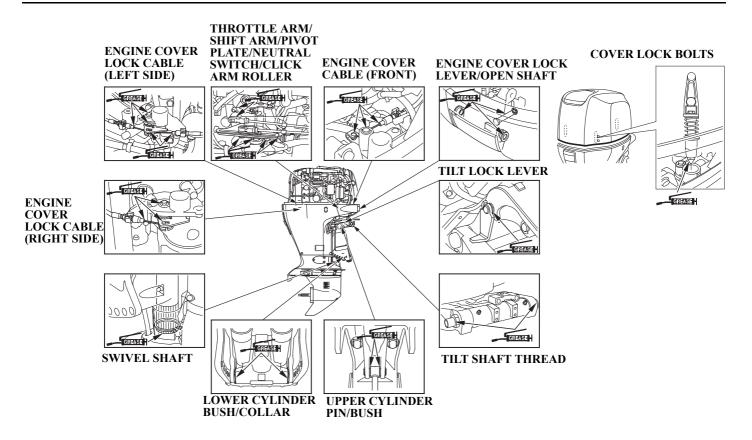
### Lubrication

Wipe the outside of the engine with a cloth dipped in clean oil. Apply marine anticorrosion grease to the following parts:

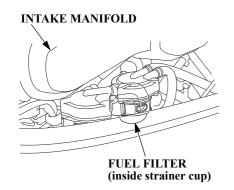
### NOTE:

- Apply anticorrosion oil to pivot surfaces where grease cannot penetrate.
- Lubricate more frequently when used in salt water.





#### **Fuel Filter**



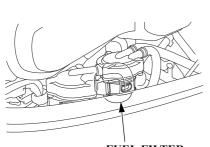
The fuel filter (inside the strainer cup) is located below the intake manifold. Water or sediment accumulated in the fuel filter can cause loss of power or hard starting. Check and replace the fuel filter periodically.

### **▲WARNI**NG

Gasoline is extremely flammable, and gasoline vapor can explode, causing serious injury or death. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in your working area.

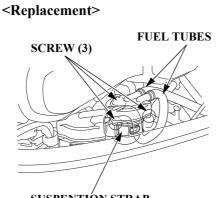
- Always work in a well-ventilated area.
- Be sure that any fuel drained from the outboard motor is stored in a safe container.
- Be careful not to spill fuel when replacing the filter. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

#### <Inspection>



FUEL FILTER (inside strainer cup)

- 1. Remove the engine cover (see page 42).
- 2. Looking through the translucent strainer cup, check the fuel filter for water accumulation and clogging.



#### SUSPENTIÓN STRAP

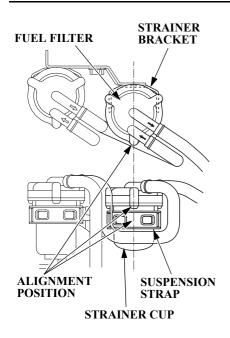
1. Remove the suspension strap from the strainer bracket, then remove the strap from the strainer assembly.

#### NOTE:

Before removing the filter, pinch the fuel tubes on each side of filter using tube clips to prevent fuel leakage.

2. Remove the three screws and separate the fuel strainer cup from the strainer body.

- 3. Thoroughly clean the strainer cup, and replace with a new fuel filter.
- 4. Reassemble the strainer body and the cup using new O-rings.
  TIGHTENING TORQUE:
  3.4 N·m (0.35 kgf·m, 2.5 lbf·ft)



- 5. Align the center of suspension strap with the screw position and install the fuel filter assembly.
- 6. Reinstall the strainer in the original position.

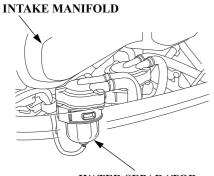
100

7. Prime the engine using the primer bulb (see page 51). Check for fuel leaks. Repair any fuel leaks if necessary.

#### NOTE:

If loss of power or hard starting is found caused by excessive water or sediment accumulated in the fuel filter, inspect the fuel tank. Clean the fuel tank if necessary.

#### Water Separator



WATER SEPARATOR

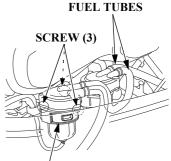
Water separator is located below the intake manifold. Water accumulation in the water separator can cause loss of power or hard starting. Check the water separator periodically. Clean it or consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer for cleaning.

### **▲WARNIN**G

Gasoline is extremely flammable, and gasoline vapor can explode, causing serious injury or death. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in your working area.

- Always work in a well-ventilated area.
- Be sure that any fuel drained from the outboard motor is stored in a safe container.
- Be careful not to spill fuel when cleaning the water separator. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

#### <Cleaning>

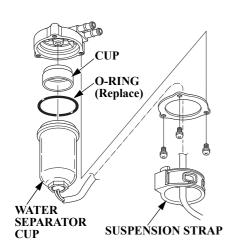


SUSPENSION STRAP

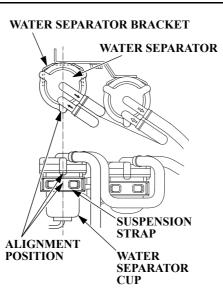
- 1. Remove the engine cover (see page 42).
- 2. Remove the suspension strap from the water separator bracket, then remove the strap from the separator assembly.

#### NOTICE

During removal of the water separator assembly, take care not to damage the wire harness with the water separator bracket.



- 3. Pinch the fuel tubes with tube clips to prevent fuel leakage.
- 4. Remove the three screws and separate the water separator cup from the body.
- 5. Thoroughly clean the water separator cup.



6. Reassemble the water separator body and the cup. Use a new O-ring.
TIGHTENING TORQUE: 3.4 N·m (0.35 kgf·m, 2.5 lbf·ft)

- 7. Align the center of suspension strap with the screw position and install the water separator assembly.
- 8. Reinstall the water separator in the reverse order of removal.
- 9. Squeeze and release the priming bulb to fill the vapor separator, and check for fuel leaks. Repair any fuel leaks if necessary.

### NOTE:

If the buzzer sounds, water or sediment accumulation is found to be caused by excessive water or sediment accumulated in the water separator cup, inspect the fuel tank. Clean the fuel tank if necessary.

#### **EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM**

The combustion process produces carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons. Control of hydrocarbons is very important because under certain conditions, they react to form photochemical smog when subjected to sunlight. Carbon monoxide dose not react in the same way, but it is toxic.

Problems that May Affect Outboard Motor Emissions

If you are aware of any of the following symptoms, have the outboard motor inspected and repaired by your authorized Honda Dealer:

- 1. Hard starting or stalling after starting
- 2. Rough idle
- 3. Misfiring or backfiring during acceleration
- 4. Poor performance (driveability) and poor fuel economy

### Battery

### NOTICE

Battery handling differs according to the type of the battery and the instructions described below might not be applicable to the battery of your outboard. Refer to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

#### **▲WARNI**NG

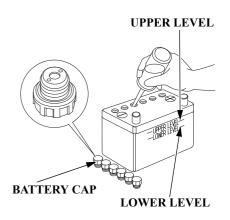
Batteries produce explosive gases: If ignited, an explosion can cause serious injury or blindness. Provide adequate ventilation when charging.

• CHEMICAL HAZARD: Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid. Contact with eyes or skin, even through clothing, may cause severe burns. Wear a faceshield and protective clothing.

- Keep flames and sparks away, and do not smoke in the area. ANTIDOTE: If electrolyte gets into your eyes, flush thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician immediately.
- POISON: Electrolyte is poison. ANTIDOTE:
  - External: Flush thoroughly with water.
  - Internal: Drink large quantities of water or milk.
     Follow with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil, and call a physician immediately.
- KÉEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds.

Wash your hands after handling.



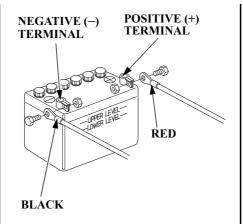
### <Battery Fluid Level>

Check whether the battery fluid is between the upper and lower levels, and check the vent hole in the battery caps for clogging. If the battery fluid is near or below the lower level, add the distilled water to the upper level.

#### <Battery Cleaning>

- 1. Disconnect the battery cable at the battery negative (-) terminal, then at the battery positive (+) terminal.
- 2. Remove the battery and clean the battery terminals and battery cable terminals with a wire brush or sand paper.

Clean the battery with a solution of baking soda and warm water, taking care not to get the solution or water in the battery cells. Dry the battery thoroughly.

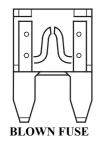


3. Connect the battery positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal, then the battery negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal. Tighten the bolts and nuts securely. Coat the battery terminals with grease.

#### 

When disconnecting the battery cable, be sure to disconnect at the battery negative (-) terminal first. To connect, connect at the positive (+) terminal first, then at the negative (-) terminal. Never dis/connect the battery cable in the reverse order, or it causes a short circuit when a tool contacts the terminals.

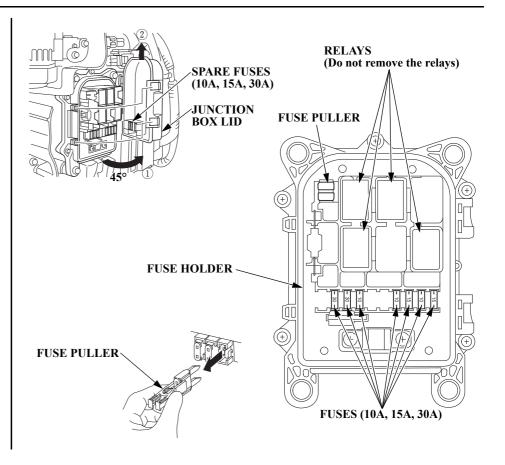
Fuse



If the fuse blows, running the engine will not charge the battery. Before replacing the fuse, check the current ratings of the electrical accessories and ensure that there are no abnormalities.

#### **AWARNING**

- Never use a fuse with a different rating from that specified. Serious damage to the electrical system or a fire may result.
- Disconnect the battery cable at the battery negative (--) terminal before replacing the fuse. Failure to do so may cause a short circuit.



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#### NOTICE

If the fuse is blown, check the cause, then replace the fuse with a spare fuse of the same rated capacity. Unless the cause is found, the fuse may blow again.

### Main Fuse

#### <Replacement>

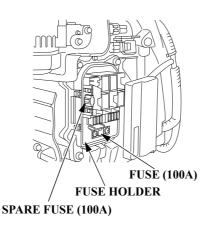
A spare fuse is located on the reverse side of the junction box lid.

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the engine cover.
- 3. Remove the junction box lid and pull the old fuse out of the clip with the fuse puller supplied in the fuse holder.
- 4. Push a new fuse into the clips.
- 5. Reinstall the junction box lid, and the engine cover.
- 6. Reconnect the battery.

#### **DESIGNATED FUSE:**

10A, 15A, 30A

### ACG Fuse



### NOTICE

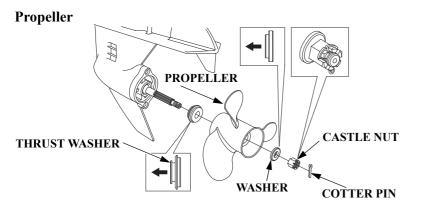
Disconnect the battery cable at the battery terminal before checking or replacing the ACG fuse.

#### <Replacement>

A spare fuse is located in the fuse holder.

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the engine cover.
- 3. Remove the junction box lid (see page 106).
- 4. Remove the old fuse by removing two 5 mm screws.
- 5. Install a new fuse with "100A".
- 6. Reinstall the junction box lid, and the engine cover.
- 7. Reconnect the battery.

# **DESIGNATED FUSE:** 100A



If the propeller is damaged by striking a rock, or other obstacle, replace the propeller as follows.

#### **AWARNING**

- When replacing, remove the emergency stop switch clip to prevent an accidental startup of the engine.
- The propeller is thin and sharp. To protect your hands, wear the heavy gloves during replacement.

### Replacement

- 1. Remove the cotter pin then remove the 18 mm castle nut, washer, propeller and thrust washer.
- 2. Install the new propeller in the reverse sequence to removal.

3. Tighten the castle nut with your hand first until the propeller has no play. Then, tighten the castle nut again with a tool until the groove in the castle nut aligns with the cotter pin hole. (Note that this tool is not included in the tools that come together with the outboard motor.)

#### **TIGHTENING TORQUE:** 1.0 N·m (0.1 kgf·m, 0.7 lbf·ft)

# **UPPER LIMIT OF TORQUE:** 44 N·m (4.5 kgf·m, 33 lbf·ft)

4. Be sure to replace the cotter pin with a new one.

### NOTE:

- Install the thrust washer with the grooved side toward the gear case.
- Use a genuine Honda cotter pin and bend the pin ends as shown.

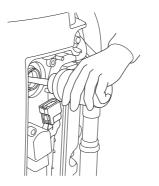
# MAINTENANCE

#### Submerged Outboard Motor

A submerged outboard motor must be serviced immediately after it is recovered from the water in order to minimize corrosion. If there is a Honda outboard motor dealer nearby, take the outboard motor immediately to the dealer. If you are far from a dealer, proceed as follows:

- 1. Remove the engine cover, and rinse the outboard motor with fresh water to remove salt water, sand, mud, etc.
- 2. Drain the vapor separator as described on page 111.

- 3. Change the engine oil (see page 89). If there was water in the engine crankcase, or if the used engine oil showed signs of water contamination, then a second engine oil change should be performed after running the engine for 1/2 hour.
- 4. Remove the spark plugs (see page 91). Operate the starter to expel water from the engine's cylinder.



5. Pour a teaspoon of engine oil into each spark plug hole to lubricate the inside of the cylinders. Reinstall the spark plugs.

#### NOTICE

If the outboard motor was running when it submerged, there may be mechanical damage, such as bent connecting rods. If the engine binds when cranked, do not attempt to run the outboard motor until it has been repaired.

# MAINTENANCE

- 6. Install the engine cover and lock the latch securely (see page 42).
- 7. Attempt to start the engine.
- If the engine fails to start, remove the spark plugs, clean and dry the electrodes, then reinstall the spark plugs and attempt to start the engine again.
- If there was water in the engine crankcase, or the used engine oil showed signs of water contamination, then a second engine oil change should be performed after running the engine for 1/2 hour.
- If the engine starts, and no mechanical damage is evident, continue to run the engine for 1/2 hour or longer (be sure the water level is at least 100 mm (4 in) above the anticavitation plate).

8. As soon as possible, take the outboard motor to a Honda outboard motor dealer for inspection and service.

For longer service life of the outboard motor, have your outboard motor serviced by an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer before storage. However, the following procedures can be performed by you, the owner, with a minimum of tools.

#### Fuel NOTE:

Gasoline spoils very quickly depending on factors such as light exposure, temperature and time. In worst cases, gasoline can be contaminated within 30 days. Using contaminated gasoline can seriously damage the engine (fuel system clogged, valve stuck). Such damage due to spoiled fuel is disallowed from coverage by the warranty.

To avoid this please strictly follow these recommendations:

- Only use specified gasoline (see page 45).
- Use fresh and clean gasoline.

- To slow deterioration, keep gasoline in a certified fuel container.
- If long storage (more than 30 days) is foreseen, drain fuel tank and vapor separator.

Vapor Separator Draining

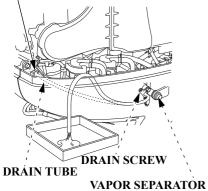
#### **▲WARNI**NG

Gasoline is extremely flammable, and gasoline vapor can explode, causing serious injury or death. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in your working area.

- Be careful not to spill fuel. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before storing or transporting the outboard motor.
- Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks where fuel is drained or stored.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

## STORAGE

#### FRONT BRACKET CLAMP



- 1. Remove the engine cover.
- 2. Unhook the drain tube from the front bracket clamp.
- 3. Set the end of the tube toward the outside of the engine undercase. Draining the fuel becomes easier when the front end of the drain tube is as low as possible.
- 4. Loosen the vapor separator drain screw.

5. Tilt up the outboard motor.

- 6. When the gasoline starts to flow out of the drain tube, tilt up the outboard motor and hold it in the position until the gasoline stops flowing. After draining the gasoline completely, return the outboard motor to the vertical position.
- 7. After draining thoroughly, tighten the drain screw securely.
- 8. Clamp the drain tube on the front bracket clamp.

### **Engine Oil**

- 1. Change the engine oil (see page 89).
- 2. Remove the spark plugs (see page 91), and remove the clip from the emergency stop switch.
- 3. Pour 1 2 teaspoons  $(5 10 \text{ cm}^3)$  of clean engine oil into the cylinder.
- 4. Rotate the engine a few revolutions to distribute the oil in the cylinders.
- 5. Reinstall the spark plugs (see page 94).

### STORAGE

#### **Battery Storage**

#### NOTICE

Battery handling differs according to the type of the battery and the instructions described below might not be applicable to the battery of your outboard motor. Refer to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

#### **▲W**ARNING

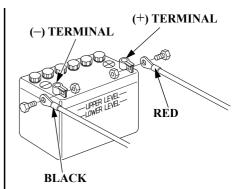
Batteries produce explosive gases: If ignited, an explosion can cause serious injury or blindness. Provide adequate ventilation when charging.

• CHEMICAL HAZARD: Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid. Contact with eyes or skin, even through clothing, may cause severe burns. Wear a faceshield and protective clothing.

- Keep flames and sparks away, and do not smoke in the area. ANTIDOTE: If electrolyte gets into your eyes, flush thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician immediately.
- POISON: Electrolyte is poison. ANTIDOTE
  - External: Flush thoroughly with water.
  - Internal: Drink large quantities of water or milk.
     Follow with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil, and call a physician immediately.
- KÉEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

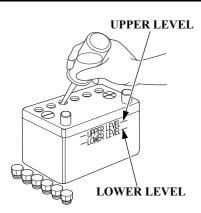
Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds.

Wash your hands after handling.



- 1. Disconnect the battery cable at the battery negative (-) terminal, then at the battery positive (+) terminal.
- 2. Remove the battery and clean the battery terminals and battery cable terminals with a wire brush or sand paper.

Clean the battery with a solution of baking soda and warm water, taking care not to get the solution of water in the battery cells. Dry the battery thoroughly.



- 3. Fill the battery with distilled water to the upper level line. Never overfill the battery.
- 4. Store the battery on a level surface in a cool, dry, well ventilated place out of direct sunlight.
- 5. Once a month, check the specific gravity of the electrolyte and recharge as required to prolong battery life.





**OUTBOARD MOTOR STAND** 

Transport and store the outboard motor either vertically or horizontally, as shown above. Attach the stern bracket to stand and secure the outboard motor with bolts and nuts. Store the outboard motor in a well-ventilated area free from direct sunlight and humidity.

**Vertical transport or storage:** Attach the stern bracket to a stand.

(Port side turned down as shown.)

#### Horizontal transport or storage:

Rest the outboard motor on a cushion of protective material.

#### 

Do not place the outboard motor on its side during a prolonged period of storage. If you are obliged to place the outboard motor on its side, drain the engine oil, protect the outboard motor by wrapping it with the urethane material or the blanket as shown.

### **14. DISPOSAL**

To protect the environment, do not dispose of this product, battery, engine oil, etc. carelessly by leaving them in the waste. Observe the local laws and regulations or consult your dealer for disposal.

# **15. TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### WARNING SYSTEM COMES ON

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Overheat indicator comes on.	Cooling water intake port clogged.	Clean the cooling water intake port.
	Spark plug has improper heat range.	Replace the spark plug (see page 91 – 95).
	<ul> <li>Faulty water pump.</li> <li>Thermostat clogged.</li> <li>Faulty thermostat.</li> <li>Cooling water passage clogged.</li> <li>Exhaust gas invades cooling system.</li> </ul>	Consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.
Oil pressure warning system comes on: • Oil pressure indicator does not come on.	Shortage of engine oil	Add engine oil to the specified level (see page 43).
<ul><li>Oil pressure warning buzzer sounds.</li><li>Engine speed decreases.</li><li>Engine speed cannot be increased by opening the throttle.</li></ul>	Improper engine oil is used.	Change the engine oil (see page 89).

### TROUBLESHOOTING

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Water separator warning system comes on: • Water separator warning buzzer sounds.	Water is accumulated in the water separator.	Clean the water separator (see page 101). Check the fuel tank and fuel line for water accumulation. If the buzzer sounds again, consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.
<ul><li>PGM-FI warning system comes on:</li><li>PGM-FI indicator comes on.</li><li>PGM-FI warning buzzer sounds intermittently.</li></ul>	PGM-FI warning system is faulty.	Consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.
ACG warning system comes on: • ACG indicator comes on.	Battery voltage is too high or low.	Check the battery (see page 49, 104).
• ACG warning buzzer sounds intermittently.	Faulty ACG.	Consult with an authorized Honda outboard motor dealer.

# **16. SPECIFICATIONS**

MODEL	BF115D		
Description Code	BBHJ		
Туре	LD LU	XD XU	XCD
Overall length	846 mm (33.3 in)		
Overall width	579 mm (22.8 in)		
Overall height	1,663 mm (65.5 in)	1,790 mm (70.5 in)	
Transom height (when transom angle at 12°)	508 mm (20.0 in)	635 mm (25.0 in)	
Dry mass (weight)*	217 kg (478 lbs)	220 kg (485 lbs)	223 kg (491 lbs)
Rated power	84.6 kW	(115 PS)	
Full throttle range	4,500 – 6,000 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)		
Engine type	4 stroke DOHC in-line 4-cylinder		
Displacement	2,354 cm <sup>3</sup> (143.6 cu-in)		
Spark plug gap	1.0 – 1.1 mm (0.039 – 0.043 in)		
Remote control steering system	Motor-mounted		
Starter system	Electric starter		
Ignition system	Full transistor battery		
Lubrication system	Trochoid pump pressure lubrication		
Specified oil	Engine: API standard SG, Gear case: API standard G		

Oil composity	Engine: Without all filter replacement:
Oil capacity	Engine: Without oil filter replacement: 6.5 L (6.9 US qt, 5.7 Imp qt)
	With oil filter replacement:
	6.7  L (7.1  US qt, 5.9  Imp qt)
	Gear case: 0.98 L (1.04 US qt, 0.86 Imp qt)
D.C. output	12V - 40A
Cooling system	Water cooling with thermostat
Exhaust system	Water exhaust
Spark plugs	ZFR6K-11 (NGK), KJ20DR-M11 (DENSO)
Fuel pump	High pressure side: Electrical type
	Low pressure side: Mechanical type
Fuel	Unleaded gasoline
	(91 research octane, 86 pump octane, or higher)
Gear shift	Dog type (Forward – Neutral – Reverse)
Steering angle	30° right and left
Tilt angle	
(transom angle	Stageless (72°)
at 12°)	
Trim angle	
(transom angle	- 4° to 16°
at 12°)	

\* Without battery cable, with propeller

Honda outboards are power rated in accordance with ISO8665 (propeller shaft output).

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

MODEL	BF135A			
Description Code	BARJ	BASJ	BARJ	BASJ
Туре	LD LU	LCU	XD XU	XCD XCU
Overall length	846 mm (33.3 in)			
Overall width	579 mm (22.8 in)			
Overall height	1,663 mm (65.5 in) 1,790 mm (70.5 in)		n (70.5 in)	
Transom height (when transom angle at 12°)		mm 635 n 0 in) (25.0		
Dry mass (weight)*	217 kg (478 lbs)	220 kg (485 lbs)		223 kg (491 lbs)
Rated power	99.3 kW (135 PS)			
Full throttle range	5,000 - 6,000 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)			
Engine type	4 stroke DOHC in-line 4-cylinder			
Displacement	2,354 cm <sup>3</sup> (143.6 cu-in)			
Spark plug gap	1.0 – 1.1 mm (0.039 – 0.043 in)			
Remote control steering system	Motor-mounted			
Starter system	Electric starter			
Ignition system	Full transistor battery			
Lubrication system	Trochoid pump pressure lubrication			
Specified oil	Engine: API standard SG, SH, SJ SAE 10W-30 Gear case: API standard GL-4 SAE 90 Hypoid gear oil			

r	
Oil capacity	Engine: Without oil filter replacement:
	6.5 L (6.9 US qt, 5.7 Imp qt)
	With oil filter replacement:
	6.7 L (7.1 US qt, 5.9 Imp qt)
	Gear case: 0.98 L (1.04 US qt, 0.86 Imp qt)
D.C. output	12V - 40A
Cooling system	Water cooling with thermostat
Exhaust system	Water exhaust
Spark plugs	ZFR6K-11 (NGK), KJ20DR-M11 (DENSO)
Fuel pump	High pressure side: Electrical type
1 1	Low pressure side: Mechanical type
Fuel	
ruei	Unleaded gasoline
	(91 research octane, 86 pump octane, or higher)
Gear shift	Dog type (Forward – Neutral – Reverse)
Steering angle	30° right and left
Tilt angle	
(transom angle	Stageless (72°)
at 12°)	~
,	
Trim angle	
(transom angle	$-4^{\circ}$ to $16^{\circ}$
at 12°)	
	1

\* Without battery cable, with propeller

Honda outboards are power rated in accordance with ISO8665 (propeller shaft output).

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

MODEL		BF1	50A	
Description Code	BANJ	BAPJ	BANJ	BAPJ
Туре	LD LU	LCU	XD XU	XCD XCU
Overall length	846 mm (33.3 in)			
Overall width	579 mm (22.8 in)			
Overall height	1,663 mm	m (65.5 in) 1,790 mm (70.5 in)		n (70.5 in)
Transom height (when transom angle at 12°)		mm 0 in)		mm 0 in)
Dry mass (weight)*	217 kg (478 lbs)		) kg 5 lbs)	223 kg (491 lbs)
Rated power		110.3 kW	(150 PS)	
Full throttle range	5,000 – 6,000 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)			
Engine type	4 stroke DOHC VTEC in-line 4-cylinder			
Displacement	2,354 cm <sup>3</sup> (143.6 cu-in)			
Spark plug gap	1.0 – 1.1 mm (0.039 – 0.043 in)			
Remote control steering system	Motor-mounted			
Starter system	Electric starter			
Ignition system	Full transistor battery			
Lubrication system	Trochoid pump pressure lubrication			
Specified oil	Engine: API standard SG, SH, SJ SAE 10W-30 Gear case: API standard GL-4 SAE 90 Hypoid gear oil			

Oil capacity	Engine: Without oil filter replacement:
	6.5 L (6.9 US qt, 5.7 Imp qt)
	With oil filter replacement:
	6.7 L (7.1 US qt, 5.9 Imp qt) Gear case: 0.98 L (1.04 US qt, 0.86 Imp qt)
D.C. output	12V – 40A
Cooling system	Water cooling with thermostat
Exhaust system	Water exhaust
Spark plugs	ZFR6K-11 (NGK), KJ20DR-M11 (DENSO)
Fuel pump	High pressure side: Electrical type
1 1	Low pressure side: Mechanical type
Fuel	Unleaded gasoline
	(91 research octane, 86 pump octane, or higher)
Gear shift	Dog type (Forward – Neutral – Reverse)
Steering angle	30° right and left
Tilt angle	
(transom angle	Stageless (72°)
at 12°)	
Trim angle	
(transom angle	– 4° to 16°
at 12°)	

\* Without battery cable, with propeller

Honda outboards are power rated in accordance with ISO8665 (propeller shaft output).

#### Noise and Vibration

MODEL	BF115D	BF135A	BF150A
CONTROL SYSTEM	R (Remote control)	R (Remote control)	R (Remote control)
Sound pressure level at operator's ears (2006/42/EC, ICOMIA 39-94)	80 dB (A)	78 dB (A)	80 dB (A)
Uncertainty	2 dB (A)	2 dB (A)	$2 \overline{dB} \overline{(A)}$
Measured sound power level (Reference to EN ISO3744)	-	_	_
Uncertainty	_	_	_
Vibration level at hand arm (2006/42/EC, ICOMIA 38-94)	-	_	_
Uncertainty	_	_	-

Reference to: ICOMIA Standard: as it specifies the engine operating conditions and measurement conditions.

# **17. MAJOR Honda DISTRIBUTOR ADDRESSES**

For further information, please contact Honda Customer Information Centre at the following address or telephone number:

#### For European

#### AUSTRIA Honda Motor Europe Ltd

Hondastraße 1 2351 Wiener Neudorf Tel. : +43 (0)2236 690 0 Fax : +43 (0)2236 690 480 http://www.honda.at

#### BALTIC STATES (Estonia/Latvia/ Lithuania) Honda Motor Europe Ltd Eesti filiaal Meistri 12 13517 Tallinn Estonia Tel.: +372 651 7300 Fax: +372 651 7301 ⊠ honda.baltic@honda-eu.com.

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### BULGARIA

Power Products Trading 102A Gotz Delcev BLVD BG 1404 Sofia Bulgaria www.hondapower.bg ☑ jolian\_milev@honda.power.bg

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Hongoldonia d.o.o. Vrbaska lc 31000 Osijek Tel.: +38531320420 Fax: +38531320429 www.hongoldonia.hr ⊠ prodaja@hongoldonia.hr

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Alexander Dimitriou & Sons Ltd. 162, Yiannos Kranidiotis Avenue 2235 Latsia, Nicosia Tel. : +357 22 715 300

### **CZECH REPUBLIC**

**BG Technik cs, a.s.** U Zavodiste 251/8 15900 Prague 5 - Velka Chuchle Tel. : +420 2 838 70 850 Fax : +420 2 667 111 45 www.hondamarine.cz

#### DENMARK

#### TIMA A/S Tårnfalkevej 16 2650 Hvidovre Tel. : +45 36 34 25 50 Fax : +45 36 77 16 30 http://www.hondapower.dk

#### FINLAND

**OY Brandt AB.** Tuupakantie 7B 01740 Vantaa Tel. : +358 207757200 Fax: +358 9 878 5276 www.brandt.fi

#### FRANCE

Honda Motor Europe Ltd Division Produit d'Equipement Parc d'activités de Pariest, Allée du 1er mai Croissy Beaubourg BP46, 77312 Marne La Vallée Cedex 2 Tél. : 01 60 37 30 00 Fax : 01 60 37 30 86 http://www.honda.fr ⊠ espace-client@honda-eu.com

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Honda Deutschland Niederlassung der Honda Motor Europe Ltd. Hanauer Landstraße 222-224 D-60314 Frankfurt Tel.: 01805 20 20 90 Fax.: +49 (0)69 83 20 20 www.honda.de ⊠ info@post.honda.de

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#### IRELAND

Two Wheels Itd M50 Business Park, Ballymount Dublin 12 Tel.: +353 1 4381900 Fax: +353 1 4607851 http://www.hondaireland.ie Service@hondaireland.ie

#### ITALY

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#### MALTA

The Associated Motors Company Ltd. New Street in San Gwakkin Road Mriehel Bypass, Mriehel QRM17 Tel. : +356 21 498 561 Fax : +356 21 480 150

#### NORWAY

Berema AS P.O. Box 454 1401 Ski Tel.: +47 64 86 05 00 Fax: +47 64 86 05 49 www.berema.no ⊠ berema@berema.no

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### PORTUGAL

#### GROW Productos de Forca Portugal

Rua Fontes Pereira de Melo, 16 Abrunheira, 2714-506 Sintra Tel.: +351 211 303 000 Fax: +351 211 303 003 www.grow.com.pt ⊠ abel.leiriao@grow.com.pt

#### REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

#### Scanlink Ltd.

Kozlova Drive, 9 220037 Minsk Tel. : +375 172 999090 Fax : +375 172 999900 http://www.hondapower.by

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ITH Trading Co Doo Majke Jevroscme 26 1100 Beograd Serbia ⊠ sstevanovic@ithtrading.co.rs

#### **SLOVAK REPUBLIC**

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AS Domzale Moto Center D.O.O. Blatnica 3A 1236 Trzin Tel. : +386 1 562 22 62 Fax : +386 1 562 37 05 www.honda-as.com ⊠ informacije@honda-as.com For further information, please contact Honda Customer Information Centre at the following address or telephone number:

#### For European (continued)

#### SPAIN & all provinces

Greens Power Products, S.L. Poligono Industrial Congost -Av Ramon Ciurans n°2 08530 La Garriga - Barcelona Tel. : +34 93 860 50 25 Fax : +34 93 871 81 80 http://www.hondaencasa.com

#### SWEDEN

Honda Motor Europe Ltd filial Sverige Box 31002-Långhusgatan 4 215 86 Malmö Tel. : +46 (0)40 600 23 00 Fax : +46 (0)40 600 23 19 www.honda.se ⊠ hpesinfo@honda-eu.com

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Anadolu Motor Uretim ve Pazarlama AS Esentepe mah. Anadolu cad. No: 5 Kartal 34870 Istanbul Tel. : +90 216 389 59 60 Fax : +90 216 353 31 98 www.anadolumotor.com.tr ⊠ antor@antor.com.tr

#### UKRAINE

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#### **UNITED KINGDOM**

Honda Motor Europe Ltd Cain Road Bracknell Berkshire RG12 1 HL Tel. : +44 (0)845 200 8000 http://www.honda.co.uk

	THE MANUFACTURER, HEREWITH DECLARES WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE FOLLOWING EC-DIRECTIVES DS:
4) DESCRIPTION OF THE MACHINERY	
5) Generic denomination: Outboard engine 6) 8) TYPE:	Function: Propulsion system 7) MAKE: Honda/Tohatsu 9) SERIAL NUMBER:
10) Manufacturer:	Honda Motor Co., Ltd. 2-1-1 Minamiaoyama Minato-ku Tokyo 107-8556 Japan
<ul> <li>11) Authorized representative and able to compile the technical documentation:</li> <li>12) SIGNATURE:</li> </ul>	Honda Motor Europe Ltd. Cain Road Bracknell, RG12 1HL United Kingdom
12) SIGNATORE.       13) NAME:       14) TITLE	16) DATE:         16)           17) PLACE:         17)

1) DECLARATION CE DE CONFORMITE 2) LE SOUSSIGNÉ, (13), REPRÉSENTANT DU CONSTRUCTEUR, DÉCLARE PAR	
LA PRÉSENTE QUE LE PRODUIT EST CONFORME AUX DISPOSITIONS DES DIRECTIVES CE SUIVANTES	
3) REFERENCE AUX NORMES HARMONISÉES 4) DESCRIPTION DE MACHINE	
5) Denomination générique: moteur hors-bord 6) Fonction : Sytème de propulsion 7) MARQUE	
8) TYPE 9) NUMÉRO DI SERIE 10) CONSTRUCTEUR 11) Représentant autorisé et en charge des éditions de documentation techniques	
12) SIGNATURE 13) NOM 14) TITRE 15) Directeur Qualite 16) DATE 17) LIEU	
	français ( FRENCH )
1) DICHIARAZIONE DI CONFORMITA' CE 2) IL SOTTOSCRITTO, (13), RAPPRESENTANTE DEL COSTRUTTORE, I	DICHIARA
QUI DI SEGUITO CHE IL PRODOTTO E' CONFORME A QUANTO PREVISTO DALLE SEGUENTI DIRETTIVE COM	UNITARIE
3) RIFERIMENTO ALLE NORME ARMONIZZATE 4) DESCRIZIONE DELLA MACCHINA	
5) Denominazione generica: MOTORE FUORIBORDO 6) Funzione : Sistema di propulsione	
7) MARCA 8) TIPO 9) NUMERO DI SERIE 10) FABBRICANTE	
11) Rappresentante autorizzato e competente per la compilazione della documentazione tecnica	
12) FIRMA 13) NOME 14) TITOLO 15) DIRETTORE DELLA QUALITA' 16) ADDÌ 17) LUOGO	italiano ( ITALIAN )
1) EG-KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄUNG 2) DER UNTERZEICHNER, (13), DER DEN HERSTELLER VERTRITT, ERKLÄ	RT
HIERMIT, DAB DAS PRODUKT IN ÜBEREINSTIMMUNG MIT DEN BESTIMMUNGEN DER NACHSTEHENDEN I	
3) VERWEIS AUF HARMONISIERTE NORMEN 4) BESCHREIBUNG DER MASCHINE	
5) Allgemeine Bezeichnung : Außenbordmotor 6) Funktion : Antriebsart	
7) FABRIKAT 8) TYP 9) SERIEN NUMMER 10) HERSTELLER	
11) Bevollmächtigter und in der Position, die technische Dokumentation zu erstellen	
12) UNTERSCHIFT 13) NAME 14) TITEL 15) Qualitatssi Cherung 16) DATUM 17) ORT	deutsch (GERMAN)
1) EG-VERKLARING VAN OVEREENSTEMMING 2) ONDERGETEKENDE, (13), VERTEGENWOORDIGER VAN DE	3
FABRIKANT, VERKLAART HIERMEE DAT HET PRODUCT VOLDOET AAN DE BEPALINGEN VAN DE VOLGEN	DE EG-RICHTLIJNEN
3) REFERENTIE NAAR GEHARMONISEERDE NORMEN 4) BESCHRIJVING VAN DE MACHINE	
5) Algemene benaming : buitenboordmotor 6) Functie : Aandrijfsysteem	
7) FABRIKAT 8) TYPE 9) SERIEN UMMER 10) FABRIKANT	
11) Gemachtigde van de fabrikant en in staat om de technische documentatie samen te stellen	
12) HANDTEKENING 13) NAAM 14) TITEL 15) Directeur Kwaliteitszorg 16) DATUM 17) PLAATS	nederlands (DUTCH)
1) ΕΚ-ΔΗΛΩΣΗ ΕΝΑΡΜΟΝΙΣΗΣ 2) Ο ΥΠΟΓΡΑΦΩΝ, (13), ΕΚΠΡΟΣΩΠΟΝΤΑΣ ΤΟΝ ΚΑΤΑΣΚΕΥΑΣΤΗ, ΔΙΑ ΤΟΥ ΠΛ	ΑΡΟΝΤΟΣ
ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ ΤΟ ΠΡΟΪΟΝ ΒΡΙΣΚΕΤΑΙ ΣΕ ΕΝΑΡΜΟΝΙΣΉ ΜΕ ΤΙΣ ΠΡΟΒΛ ΕΨΕΙΣ ΤΩΝ ΚΑΤΩΘΙ ΟΔΗΓΙΩΝ ΤΗΣ ΕΙ	
3) ΠΑΡΑΠΟΜΠΗ ΣΤΑ ΕΝΑΡΜΟΝΙΣΜΕΝΑ ΠΡΟΤΥΠΑ 4) ΠΕΡΙΓΡΑΦΗ ΜΗΧΑΝΗΜΑΤΟΣ	
<ol> <li>Γενική ονομασία : Εξωλέμβια μηχανή 6) Λειτουργία : Σύστημα Πρόωσης</li> </ol>	
7) ΕΡΓΟΣΤΑΣΙΟ ΚΑΤΑΣΚΕΥΗΣ 8) ΤΥΠΌΣ 9) ΑΡΙΘΜΟΣ ΣΕΙΡΆΣ 10) ΚΑΤΑΣΚΕΥΑΣΤΗΣ	
11) Εξουσιοδοτημένος αντιπρόσωπος και είναι σε θέση να καταρτίσει τον τεχνικό φάκελο	
12) ΥΠΟΓΡΑΦΗ 13) ΟΝΟΜΑ 14) ΤΙΤΛΟΣ 15) Υπεύθυνος Ποιότητας 16) ΗΜΕΡΟΜΗΝΙΑ 17) ΤΟΠΟΣ	Ελληνικά ( GREEK )
1) EF OVERENSSTEMMELSESERKLÆRING 2) UNDERTEGNEDE, (13), DER PEPRÆSENTERER FABRIKANTEN, E	RKLÆRER
HERMED AT PRODUKTET ER I OVERENSSTEMMELSE MED BESTEMMELSERNE I FØLGE EF DIREKTIVERNE	
3) REFERENCE TIL HARMONISEREDE STANDARDER 4) BESKRIVELSE AF MASKINEN	
5) FÆLLESBETEGNELSE : Utenbordsmotor 6) ANVENDELSE : Fremdrivningssystem 7) FABRIKANT	
8) TYPE 9) SERIEN UMMER 10) FABRIKANT	
11) AUTÓRISERET REPRÆSENTANT OG I STAND TIL AT UDARBEJDE DEN TEKNISKE DOKUMENTATION	
12) SIGNATURE 13) NAVN 14) TITEL 15) Kvalitets Leder 16) DATO 17) STED	dansk ( DANISH )

1) DECLARACIÓN DE CONFORMIDAD 2) EL ABAJO FIRMANTE, (13), EN REPRESENTACIÓN DE FABRIC.	ANTE, DECLARA
QUE EL PRODUCTO ES CONFORME CON LAS DISPOSICIONES DE LAS SIGUIENTES DIRECTIVAS CE	
3) REFERENCIA A ESTÁNDARES ARMONIZADOS 4) DESCRIPCIÓN DE LA MAQUINARIA	
5) Denominación genérica : Motor fueraborda 6) Función : Sistema de propulsión 7) MARCA	
8) TIPO 9) NUMERO DE SERIE 10) FABRICANTE 11) Representante autorizado que puede compilar el expediente	técnico
12) FIRMA 13) NOMBRE 14) CARGO 15) Director de calidad 16) FECHA 17) LUGAR	
	español (SPANISH)
1)DECLARAÇÃO CE DE CONFORMIDADE 2) O ABAIXO ASSINADO, (13), EM REPRESENTAÇÃO DO FABRICA	NTE, PELA
PRESENTE DECLARA QUE O PRODUTO ESTÁ EM CONFORMIDADE COM O ESTABELECIDO NAS SEGUINTE	
COMUNITÁRIAS 3) REFERÊNCIA AS NORMAS HARMONIZADAS 4) DESCRICAO DA MÁQUINA	
5) Denominação genérica : Motor fora de borda 6) Função : Sistema propulsor	
7) MARCA 8) TIPO 9) NÚMERO DE SÉRIE 10) FABRICANTE	
(1) Mandatário com capacidade para compilar documentação técnica	
12) ASSINATURA 13) NOME 14) TITULO 15) Director de Qualidade 16) DATA 17) LOCAL	português ( PORTUGUESE )
1) EY-VATIMUSTENMUSTENMUSAISUUSVAKUUTUS 2) ALLEKIRJOITTANUT, (13) JOKA EDUSTAA VALMISTAJAA.	portugues (TORTEGUESE)
VAKUUTTAA TÄTEN, ETTÄ TUOTE ON SEURAAVIEN EU-DIREKTIIVIEN VAATIMUSTEN MUKAINEN	
3) VITTAUS YHTEISIIN STANDARDEIHIN 4) KUVAUS LAITTEESTA	
5) ) Yleisarvomäärä : Peramoottori 6) Toiminto : Työntöjärjestelmä 7) MERKKI 8) MALLI	
9) SARJANUMERO 10) VALMISTAJA 11) Valmistajan edustaja ja teknisten dokumettien laatia	
12) ALLEKIRJOITUS 13) NIMI 14) TITTELI 15) Laatupäällikkö 16) PÄIVÄMÄÄRÄ 17) PAIKKA	
	suomi / suomen kieli ( FINNISH )
1) ЕО-ДЕКЛАРАЦИЯ ЗА СЪОТВЕТСТВИЕ 2) ДОЛУ ПОДШИСАЛИЯТ СЕ (13), ПРЕДСТАВЛЯВАЩ ДИСТР	
ДЕКЛАРИРА, ЧЕ ПРОДУКТА СЪОТВЕТСТВА НА ИЗСКВАНИЯТА НА СЛЕДНИТЕ ЕВРОПЕЙСКИ ДИРЕН	СТИВИ
3) СЪОТВЕТСТВИЕ С ХАРМОНИЗИРАНИТЕ СТАНДАРТИ 4) ОПИСАНИЕ НА АРТИКУЛА	
5) Общо наименование : ИЗВЪН БОРДОВИ ДВИГАТЕЛ 6) Функция : Задвижваща система	
7) МАРКА 8) ТИП 9) СЕРИЕН НОМЕР 10) ПРОИЗВОДИТЕЛ	
11) Упълномощен представител и отговорник за съставяне на техническа документация	
12) ПОДПИС 13) ЙМЕ 14) ТИТЛА 15) МЕНИДЖЪР НА КАЧЕСТВОТО 16) ДАТА 17) МЯСТО	български ( BULGARIAN )
1) EG-FÖRSÄKRAN OM ÖVERENSSTÄMMELSE 2) UNDERTECKNAD, (13), REPRESENTERANDE TILLVER	KARE.
FÖRSÄKRAR HÄRMED ATT PRODUKTEN ÖVERENSSTÄMMER MED BESTÄMMELSERNA I FÖLJANDE	EG-DÍREKTIVE
3) REFERERANDE TILL HARMONISERADE STANDARDER 4) BESKRIVNING AV UTRUSTNINGEN	
3) REFERERANDE TILL HARMONISERADE STANDARDER 4) BESKRIVNING AV UTRUSTNINGEN 5) Allmän benämning : Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion : Framdrivningssystem	
5) Allmän benämning: Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion: Framdrivningssystem	
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning: Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion: Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUMER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning : Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion : Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUMER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> <li>11) Auktoriserad representant och ska kunna sammanställa teknisk dokumentationen.</li> </ul>	svenska ( SWEDISH )
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning : Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion : Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUMER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> <li>11) Auktoriserad representant och ska kunna sammanställa teknisk dokumentationen.</li> <li>12) SIGNATUR 13) NAMN 14) TITEL 15) Kvalitetschef 16) DATUM 17) ORT</li> </ul>	svenska (SWEDISH)
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning: Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion: Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUMER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> <li>11) Auktoriserad representant och ska kunna sammanställa teknisk dokumentationen.</li> <li>12) SIGNATUR 13) NAMN 14) TITEL 15) Kvalitetschef 16) DATUM 17) ORT</li> <li>1) DEKLARACJA ZGODNOŚCI WE 2) NIŻEJ PODPISANY (13), REPREZENTUJĄCY PRODUCENTA, DEKLA</li> </ul>	RUJE Z CAŁĄ
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning : Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion : Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUMER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> <li>11) Auktoriserad representant och ska kunna sammanställa teknisk dokumentationen.</li> <li>12) SIGNATUR 13) NAMN 14) TITEL 15) Kvalitetschef 16) DATUM 17) ORT</li> <li>11) DEKLARACJA ZGODNOŠCI WE 2) NIŽEJ PODPISANY (13), REPREZENTUJĄCY PRODUCENTA, DEKLA</li> <li>ODPOWIEDZIALNOŚCIĄ, ŻE PRODUKT SPEŁNIA WYMAGANIA ZAWARTE W NASTĘPUJĄCYCH DYREK</li> </ul>	RUJE Z CAŁĄ
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning : Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion : Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUMER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> <li>11) Auktoriserad representant och ska kunna sammanställa teknisk dokumentationen.</li> <li>12) SIGNATUR 13) NAMN 14) TITEL 15) Kvalitetschef 16) DATUM 17) ORT</li> <li>1) DEKLARACJA ZGODNOŚCI WE 2) NIŻEJ PODPISANY (13), REPREZENTUJĄCY PRODUCENTA, DEKLA</li> <li>ODPOWIEDZIALNOŚCI, ŻE PRODUKT SPEŁNIA WYMAGANIA ZAWARTE W NASTĘPUJĄCYCH DYREK</li> <li>3) ZASTOSOWANE NORM Y ZHARMONIZOWANE 4) OPIS URZĄDZENIA</li> </ul>	RUJE Z CAŁĄ
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning : Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion : Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUMER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> <li>11) Auktoriserad representant och ska kunna sammanställa teknisk dokumentationen.</li> <li>12) SIGNATUR 13) NAMN 14) TITEL 15) Kvalitetschef 16) DATUM 17) ORT</li> <li>1) DEKLARACJA ZGODNOŚCI WE 2) NIŻEJ PODPISANY (13), REPREZENTUJĄCY PRODUCENTA, DEKLA</li> <li>ODPOWIEDZIALNOŚCIĄ, ŻE PRODUKT SPEŁNIA WYMAGANIA ZAWARTE W NASTĘPUJĄCYCH DYREK</li> <li>3) ZASTOSOWANE NORMY ZHARMONIZOWANE 4) OPIS URZĄDZENIA</li> <li>5) Ogólne określenie : Silnik zaburtowy 6) Funkcja : Układ napedowy</li> </ul>	RUJE Z CAŁĄ
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning : Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion : Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUMER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> <li>11) Auktoriserad representant och ska kunna sammanställa teknisk dokumentationen.</li> <li>12) SIGNATUR 13) NAMN 14) TITEL 15) Kvalitetschef 16) DATUM 17) ORT</li> <li>1) DEKLARACJA ZGODNOŚCI WE 2) NIŻEJ PODPISANY (13), REPREZENTUJĄCY PRODUCENTA, DEKLA</li> <li>ODPOWIEDZIALNOŚCIĄ, ŻE PRODUKT SPEŁNIA WYMAGANIA ZAWARTE W NASTĘPUJĄCYCH DYREK</li> <li>3) ZASTOSOWANE NORMY ZHARMONIZOWANE 4) OPIS URZĄDZENIA</li> <li>5) Ogólne określenie : Silnik zaburtowy 6) Funkcja : Układ napędowy</li> <li>7) MARKA 8) TYP 9) NUMERY SERYJNE 10) PRODUCENT</li> </ul>	RUJE Z CAŁĄ
<ul> <li>5) Allmän benämning: Utomborosmotor 6) Funktion: Framdrivningssystem</li> <li>7) MERKKI 8) TYPBETECKNING 9) SERIENUM ER 10) TILLVERKARE</li> <li>11) Auktoriserad representant och ska kunna sammanställa teknisk dokumentationen.</li> <li>12) SIGNATUR 13) NAMN 14) TITEL 15) Kvalitetschef 16) DATUM 17) ORT</li> <li>1) DEKLARACJA ZGODNOŚCI WE 2) NIŻEJ PODPISANY (13), REPREZENTUJĄCY PRODUCENTA, DEKLA</li> <li>ODPOWIEDZIALNOŚCIĄ, ŻE PRODUKT SPEŁNIA WYMAGANIA ZAWARTE W NASTĘPUJĄCYCH DYREK</li> <li>3) ZASTOSOWANE NORMY ZHARMONIZOWANE 4) OPIS URZĄDZENIA</li> <li>5) Ogólne określenie: Silnik zaburtowy 6) Funkcja: Układ napędowy</li> </ul>	RUJE Z CAŁĄ

1)MEGFELELŐSÉGI NYILATKOZAT 2)ALULÍROTT (13), MINT A GYÁRTÓ KÉPVISELŐJE NYILATKOZIK, HOGY A	AZ ALÁBBI
TERMÉK MINDENBEN MEGFELEL A KÖVETKEZŐ EC ELŐÍRÁSOK RENDELKEZÉSEINEK: 98/37/EC, 89/336/EEC-9	3/68/EC:
3)ÖSSZHANGBAN A KÖV. SZABVÁNYOKKAL 4)A GÉP LEÍRÁSA	
5) Általános megnevezés : KÜLSŐ CSÓNAKMOTOR 6) Funkció : Hajtás rendszer	
7) GYÁRTOTTA 8) TÍPUS 9) SORSZÁM 10) GYÁRTÓ 11) Meghatalmazott képviselője és képes összeállítani a műszaki (	dokumentációt
12) ALÁRÁS 13) NÉV 14) BEOSZTÁS	lokumentaciot.
	nagyar ( HUNGARIAN )
	nagyar ( HUNGARIAN )
1)Prohlášení o shodě 2) ZÁSTUPCE VÝROBCE, (13), SVÝM PODPISEM POTVRZUJE, ŽE DANÝ VÝROBEK JE V	
SOULADU S NÁSLEDUJÍCÍMI SMĚRNICEMI A NORMAMI EVROPSKÉHO SPOLEČENSTVÍ:	
3) ODKAZ NA HARMONIZOVANÉ NORMY: 4) POPIS VÝROBKU	
5) Všeobecné označení : ZÁVĚSNÝ LODNÍ MOTOR 6) Funkce : Pohonný systém	
7) ZNAČKA: 8) TYP: 9) VÝROBNÍ ČÍSLO: 10) VÝROBCE: 11) Zplnomocněný zástupce a osoba pověřená kompletací techn	nické dokumentace
12) PODPIS: 13) JMÉNÓ: 14) POZICE 15) Mánažer kvality 16) DATUM: 17) MÍSTO:	
	čeština (CZECH)
1) ES VYHLÁSENIE O ZHODE 2) DOLUPODPÍSANÝ, (13), ZASTUPUJÚCI VÝROBCU, TÝMTO DEKLARUJE, ŽE	(children)
PRODUKT JE V SÚLADE S USTANOVENIAMI NA SLEDOVNÝCH SMERNÍC ES	
3) REFERENCIA K HARMONIZOVANÝM ŠTANDARDOM 4) IDENTIFIKÁCIA STROJOV	
5) Druhové označenie : ZÁ VESNÝ LODNÝ MOTOR 6) Funkcia : Systém pohonu	
7) VÝROBCA/ZNAČKA 8) TYP 9) SÉRIOVÉ ČÍSLO	
10) VÝROBCA 11) Autorizovaný zástupca schopný zostaviť technickú dokumentáciu 12) PODPIS 13) MENO 14) POZÍCIA	
	slovenčina (SLOVAK)
1) EF SAMSVARSÆRKLERING 2) UNDERTEGNEDE, (13), SOM REPRESENTERER FABRIKANTEN, ERKLÆRER	
HERVED AT PRODUKTET ER I ÓVERENSSTEMMELSE MED BESTEMMELSENE I FØLGENDE EU DIREKTIV	
3) REFERANSER TIL HARMONISEREDE STANDARDER 4) BESKRIVELSE AV MASKINEN	
5) Felles benevnelse : Utenbordsmotor 6) Funksjon : Fremdrifts system	
7) FABRIKANT 8) TYPE 9) SERIE NUMMER 10) FABRIKANT 11) Autorisert representant og i stand til å utarbeide den teknis	ke dokumentasionen
12) SIGNATUR 13) NAVN 14) TITTEL 15) Kvalitetssief 16) DATO 17) STED	ke dokumentasjonen
12) SIGNATOR 15) NAVN 14) THTEE 15) Kvantessjer 10) DATO 17) STED	norsk (NORWEGIAN)
1) DECLARATIE DE CONFORMITATE. 2) SUBSEMNATUL, (13), REPREZENTAND PE PRODUCATOR, DECLAR PR	IN PREZE
NTA CA PRODUSUL ESTE IN CONFORMITATE CU PREVEDERILE URMATOARELOR DIRECTIVE CE	
3) REFERIRE LA STANDARDELE ARMONIZATE: 4) DESCRIEREA ECHIPAMENTULUI	
5) Denumire generica : MOTOR IN AFARA BORDULUI (EXTERN) 6) Domeniu de utilizare : Sistem de propulsie	
7) MARCA 8) TIPUL 9) NUMAR DE SERIE 10) PRODUCATOR 11) Reprezentant autorizat și abilitat să realizeze docum	entație tehnică
12) SEMNATÚRA 13) NÚME 14) TITLUL 15) DIRECTOR DE CALÍTATE 16) DATA 17) LOCATIE	,
	română (ROMANIAN)
1)EÜ VASTAVUSDEKLARATSIOON 2)ALLAKIRJUTANU, (13), ESINDADES TOOTJAT, DEKLAREERIB SIINKOHAJ	
ET TOODE ON VASTAVUSES JÄRGMISTE EC DIREKTIIVIDE SÄTETEGA	-,
3VIIDE ÜHTLUSTATUD STANDARDITELE: 4)MEHHANISMI KIRJELDUS	
5) Vildi metus : Pardaväline motor 6) Funktsiooon : Tõukursusteem	
7)VALMISTAJA: 8)TÜÜP: 9)SEERIANUMBER:	
10)TOOTJA: 11) Volitatud esindaja, kes on pädev täitma tehnilist dokumentatsiooni 12)ALLKIRI: 13)NIMI: 14)AMET	
15)Kvaliteedijuht 16)KUUPÄEV: 17)KOHT:	eesti (ESTONIAN)

1) EK ATBILSTĪBAS DEKLARĀCIJA 2) ZEMĀK MINĒTAIS. (13). KĀ RAŽOTĀJA PĀRSTĀVIS AR ŠO APSTIPRINA. KA ŠIS PRODUKTS PILNĪBĀ ATBILST VISIEM STANDARTIEM, KAŠ ATRUNĀTI SEKOJOŠAJĀS EC-DIREKTĪVĀS 3) Atsaucoties uz saskanotajiem standartiem 4) Iekārtas apraksts 5) Vispārējais nosukums : Piekarināmais laivas dzinējs 6) Funkcija : Virzošā spēka sistēma 7) Preču zīme 8) Tips 9) Sērijas numurs 10) Izgatavotājs 11) Autorizētais pārstāvis, kas spēj sastādīt tehnisko dokumentāciju 12) Paraksts 13) Vārds, Uzvārds 14) Tituls 15) Kvalitātes vadītājs 16) Datums 17) Vieta latviešu (LATVIAN) 1) EB ATITIKTIES DEKLARACIJA 2) ŽEMIAUI PASIRAŠES. (13). ATSTOVAUJANTIS GAMINTOJA DEKLARUOJA KAD PRODUKTAS ATITINKA REIKALAVIMUS PAGAL ŠIAS EB DIREKTYVAS. 3) NUORODA I HARMONIZUOTUS STANDARTUS. 4) MAŠINOS APRAŠYMAS. 5) Bendras pavadinimas : PAKABINAMAS VARIKLIS 6) Funkcija : Varomasis būdas 7) MARKĖ. 8) TIPAS 9) SERIJINIS NUMERIS. 10) GAMINTOJAS. 11) Igaliotasis atstovas ir galintis sudaryti techninę dokumentaciją 12) PARAŠAS. 13) V. PAVÁRDE 14) PAREIGOS 15) KOKYBĖS VADYBININKAS, 16) DATA. 17) VIETA lietuviu kalba (LITHUANIAN) 1) ES-DEKLARACIJA O USTREZNOSTI 2) PODPISANI (13), PREDSTAVNIK PROIZVAJALCA, IZJAVLJAM DA IZDELKI ÚSTREZAJO NASLEDNJIM DEKLARACIJAM 3) SKLADNOST Z NASLEDNJIMI STANDARDI 4) OPIS IZDELKOV 5) Vrsta stroja : Izvenkrmni motorji 6) Funkcija : Pogonski sistem 7) PROIZVÁJA 8) TIP 9) SERIJŠKÁ ŠTEVILKA 10) PROIZVAJALEC 11) Pooblaščeni predstavnik ki lahko predloži tehnično dokumentacijo 12) PODPIS 13) IME 14) FUNKCIJA 15) Direktor presoje 16) DATUM 17) KRAJ slovenščina (SLOVENIAN) 1) EB-YFIRLÝSING 2) UNDIRRITAÐUR HR. (13) LÝSI YFIR FYRIR HÖND FRAMLEIÐANDA AÐ VARAN UPPFYLLIR EFTIRFARANDI EC-TILSKIPANIR 3) TILVÍSUN UM HEILDARSTAÐAL 4) LÝSING Á VÉLBÚNAÐI 5) Flokkur: Utanborðsmótorar 6) Virkni: knúningsafl kerfi 7) FRAMLEIÐSLA 8) GERÐ 9) SERÍAL NÚMER 10) FRAMLEIÐANDI 11) Löggildir aðilar og fær um að taka saman tækniskjölin 12) UNDIRSKRIFT 13) NAFN 14) TITILL 15) Skráningarstjóri 16) DAGSETNING 17) STAÐUR Íslenska (ICELANDIC) 1) AT UYGUNLUK BEYANI 2) ASAĞIDA İMZASI BULUNAN VE İMALATCININ YETKİLİ TEMSİLCİSİ OLAN (13) ÜRÜNÜN SU AT YÖNETMELİKLERININ HÜKÜMLERINE UYGUN OLDUĞUNU BEYAN EDER. 3) UYUMLAŞTIRILMIŞ STANDARTLARA ATIF 4) MAKİNANIN TARIFİ 5) Flokkur : Distan takma motor 6) Virkni : tahrik sistemi 7) MARKA 8) TİP 9) SERİ NUMARASI 10) İMALATCI 11) Teknik doşvayı hazırlamakla vetkili olan Toplulukta verleşik vetkili temsilci 12) İMZA 13) ADI 14) ÜNVANI 15) Homologasyon Yöneticisi 16) TARIH 17) YER Türk (TURKISH) 1)EK-IZJAVA O SUKLADNOSTI 2)POTPISANI (13), PREDSTAVNIK PROIZVOĐAČA, IZJAVLJUJE DA JE PROIZVOD U SUKLADNOSTI S ODREDBAMA SLJEDEĆEG EK PROPISA 3) REFERENCA NA USKLAĐENE NORME 4) OPIS STROJA 5)Opća vrijednost : Vanbrodski motor 6)Funkcionalnost : Pogonski sustav 7)IZRADIO 8)TIP 9)SERIJSKI BROJ 10)PROIZVOĐAČ 11) Ovlašteni predstavnik i osoba za sastavljanje tehničke dokumentacije 12) POTPIS 13) IME 14) TITULA 15) Upraviteli homologacije 16) DATUM 17) MJESTO hrvatski (CROATIAN)

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